City of Quincy, Illinois

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended April 30, 2013

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City of Quincy, Illinois

A Home Rule City

Council/Mayor Form of Government

(As of April 30, 2013)

MAYOR John A. Spring

CITY COUNCIL

1 st Ward	Virgil E. Goehl Glenda A. (Lexze) Mann	5 th Ward	John M. (Mike) Rein Jennifer M. Lepper
2 nd Ward	Steven K. Duesterhaus David A. Bauer	6 th Ward	Daniel J. Brink James A. Musolino
3 rd Ward	Gregory P. (Paul) Havermale Kyle A. Moore	7 th Ward	Jack E. Holtschlag Terri L. Heinecke
4 th Ward	Michael H. Farha Anthony E. Sassen		

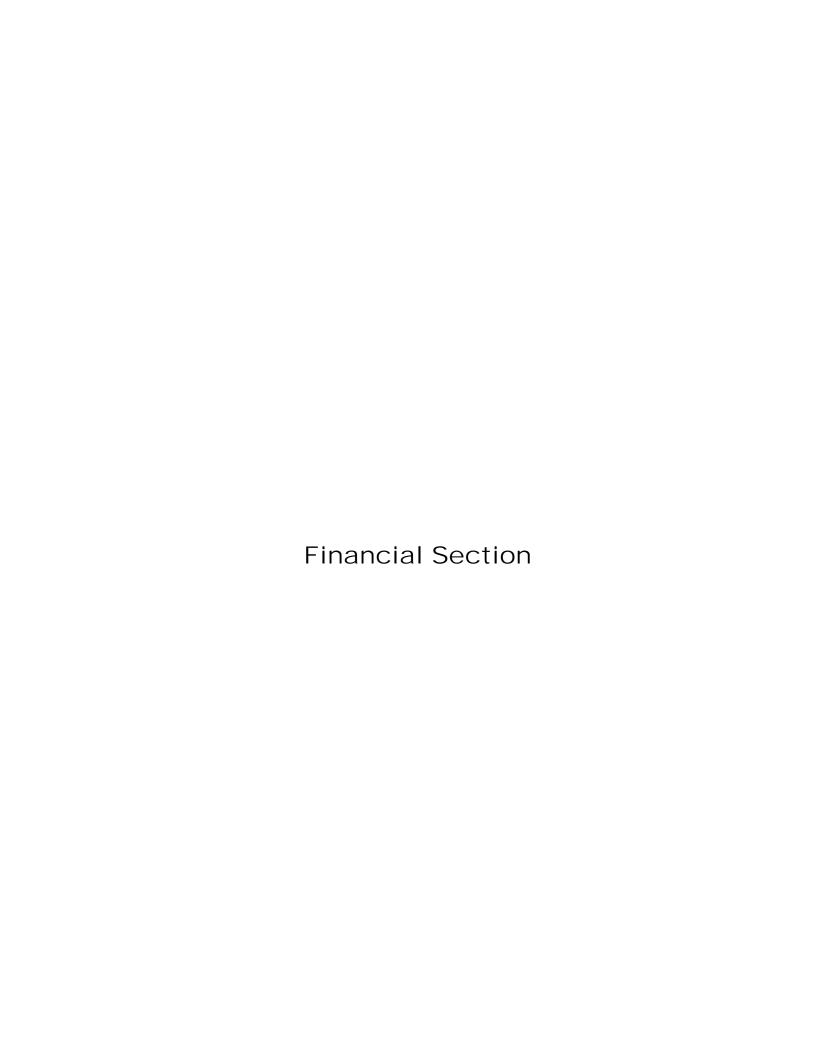
CITY CLERK Virginia Hayden

CITY TREASURER Peggy R. Crim

DIRECTOR OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES Gary Sparks

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Corporation Counsel	Andrew W. Staff
Comptroller	Ann Scott
Engineering	Jeffrey H. Steinkamp
Utilities	David M. Kent
Police	Robert R. Copley
Planning and Development	Charles T. Bevelheimer
Central Services	Marty Stegeman
Fire	Joe Henning
Quincy Transit Lines	Marty Stegeman
Quincy Regional Airport	Jeffrey H. Steinkamp
Purchasing	Ann Scott
911 System	Steven D. Rowlands
MIS	James E. Murphy
Human Services	Douglas Olson





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Quincy, Illinois 62305-3672

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Quincy, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Quincy, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Quincy, Illinois, as of April 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Independent Auditor's Report (Concluded)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedules of funding progress on pages 3 through 12 and 56 through 64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Quincy, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Quincy Transit Lines reports are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Illinois Department of Transportation, and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the Quincy Transit Lines reports are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the Quincy Transit Lines reports are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2013, on our consideration of the City of Quincy, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Quincy, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wade Stables P.C. Wade Stables P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 22, 2013 Quincy, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis

City of Quincy, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the City of Quincy, Illinois is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget) and, (5) identify individual fund issues and concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City of Quincy's basic financial statements. The City of Quincy's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Quincy's finances. The Statement of Net Position represents information on all of the City of Quincy's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Quincy is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors should also be taken into consideration, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure to assess the overall health or financial condition of the City. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police and fire departments, public works, engineering and administration. Property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The City's water and sewer system are reported here. The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Major Fund presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith.

The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary Funds (Police and Fire Pensions and Private Purpose Funds). While these funds represent trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

While the Total column on the Business-type Fund Financial Statements is the same as the Business-type column in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, the Governmental Fund Financial Statements require reconciliation because of different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources). The flow of current financial resources will reflect debt proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and debt principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations into the Governmental Activities column in the Government-Wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information. Budgetary comparisons for the major governmental funds and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the pension plans are presented immediately following the notes to financial statements.

The City as a Whole - Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The City's combined net position was \$132.9 million as of April 30, 2013. Analyzing the net position and net income of governmental and business-type activities separately, the business type activities net position is \$79.1 million.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (92.0 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., property, plant and equipment net of depreciation); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 Summary of Net Position at April 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions)

										Ic	otal		
	G	Sovernmen	tal Acti	vities	В	usiness-Ty	pe Act	tivities		Primary G	overnn	nent	
		2013	2012			2013		2012	2013			2012	
Current and other assets Capital assets - net of depreciation	\$	33.0 50.6	\$	30.6 57.8	\$	14.8 66.3	\$	13.7 66.7	\$	47.8 116.9	\$	44.3 124.5	
Total Assets	\$	83.6	\$	88.4	\$	81.1	\$	80.4	\$	164.7	\$	168.8	
Current liabilities	\$	2.7	\$	1.6	\$	1.4	\$	1.2	\$	4.1	\$	2.8	
Long-term liabilities and debt Total Liabilities	\$	27.1 29.8	\$	28.1 29.7	\$	0.6 2.0	\$	0.7 1.9	\$	27.7 31.8	\$	28.8 31.6	
Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$	49.5 14.3	\$	53.6 14.0	\$	66.0 -	\$	66.2 -	\$	115.5 14.3	\$	119.8 14.0	
Unrestricted		(10.0)		(8.9)		13.1		12.3		3.1		3.4	
Total Net Position	\$	53.8	\$	58.7	\$	79.1	\$	78.5	\$	132.9	\$	137.2	

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City of Quincy, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation:

Net Results of Activities - which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital - which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital – which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in invested in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital – which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) will reduce unrestricted net position and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Principal Payment on Debt – which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation – which will reduce capital assets and invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Current Year Impacts

In fiscal year 2013 salaries & wages grew city wide by about 2% or \$415,000. However, health insurance benefit cost rose nearly 8%, with departmental premiums increasing \$280,000 city wide. The IMRF pension contribution rate increased from calendar year 2011 rate of 9.71% to the calendar year 2012 rate of 9.71%.

Police and Fire pension fund payments decreased from previous year by about \$300,000. Police pension decreased \$209,772 or 11.14%, while fire pension contributions decreased \$95,000 or 3.85%.

The EAV for the 2011 year (collected in FY 2013) grew by only 0.98%. In addition to essentially no growth, the city council and administration also lowered the tax rate to maintain a flat property tax rate. With no increase in levied property tax, the City relies heavily on sales tax dollars to meet obligations. Sales Tax (state and home rule) make up 54% of the City's revenues. Municipal sales tax revenues were up \$207,000 which represents a 2% increase. Home rule purchase tax was much the same, up \$235,000 or 2.6%. The City is obligated to rebate limited portions of the home rule sales tax collected for debt issuance and developer agreements. While the rebate agreements are limited to .75% and 1%, the total rebated amount for fiscal year 2013 was nearly \$590,000, compared to \$512,000 last year.

State Income Tax is collected by the state with a portion allocated to local governments on a per-capita basis. The state's ability to disburse the funds in a timely fashion has impacted our revenue trends. Income tax revenues were up 24% in FY2013 over previous year.

The following chart shows the revenue and expenses of the governmental and business-type activities:

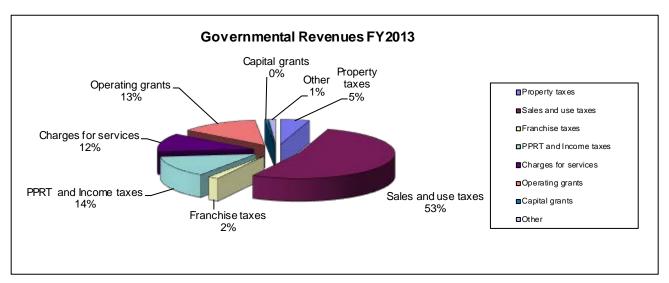
Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

	G	overnmen	tal Acti	vities	В	usiness-Ty	pe Act	tivities	То	tal	al		
	2013		- :	2012		2013		2012	2013	2012			
Revenues:													
Program Revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	4.7	\$	4.7	\$	11.1	\$	11.5	\$ 15.8	\$	16.2		
Operating grants and													
contributions		5.3		4.9		-		-	5.3		4.9		
Capital grants and													
contributions		0.2		0.2		-		0.2	0.2		0.4		
General Revenues:													
Property taxes		2.0		1.7		-		-	2.0		1.7		
Other taxes		27.2		26.7		-		-	27.2		26.7		
Other		0.5		0.5		0.4		0.4	 0.9		0.9		
Total revenues	\$	39.9	\$	38.7	\$	11.5	\$	12.1	\$ 51.4	\$	50.8		
Expenses:													
General government	\$	5.0	\$	4.3	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5.0	\$	4.3		
Public safety		16.2		15.3		-		-	16.2		15.3		
Public works and engineering		13.1		14.0		-		-	13.1		14.0		
Water, Sewer, Airport, Barge Dock		-		-		11.6		11.5	11.6		11.5		
Health, Culture, Community Dev		3.7		4.6		-		-	3.7		4.6		
Interest on long-term debt		1.1		1.1		-		-	1.1		1.1		
Total expenses	\$	39.1	\$	39.3	\$	11.6	\$	11.5	\$ 50.7	\$	50.8		
Increase (decrease) in net													
position before transfers													
and special items	\$	0.8	\$	(0.6)	\$	(0.1)	\$	0.6	\$ 0.7	\$	-		
Transfers		(0.6)		(0.3)		0.6		0.3	-		-		
Impairment of Hydro Project Costs		(5.1)		-		-		-	 (5.1)		-		
Increase (decrease)									 				
in net position	\$	(4.9)	\$	(0.9)	\$	0.5	\$	0.9	\$ (4.4)	\$	-		
Net Position at beginning of year		58.7		59.6		78.5		77.6	 137.2		137.2		
Net Position at end of year	\$	53.8	\$	58.7	\$	79.0	\$	78.5	\$ 132.8	\$	137.2		
•													

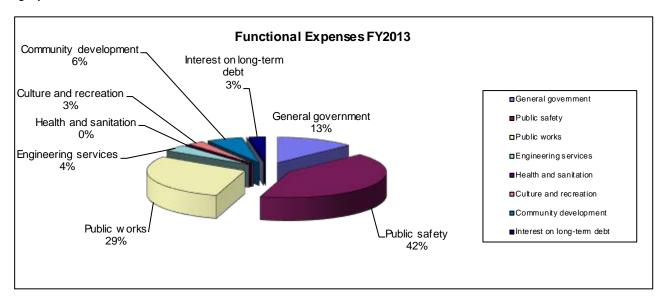
The City's combined change in net position in FY2013 was a decrease of \$4.4 million compared to the decrease of less than \$0.1 million in FY2012. The City's total revenues increased in 2013 by \$0.6 million to \$51.4 million. Of this amount, the Governmental revenues increased by \$1.2 million while Business-type revenues decreased by \$0.6 million.

The cost of all City programs decreased by \$0.1 million with the Business-type costs increasing by \$0.1 million and the Governmental costs decreasing by \$0.2 million. In Governmental Activities' expenses, Public Safety expenses increased by \$0.9 million while both Public Works/Engineering and Health/Culture/Community Development decreased by \$0.9 million, respectively. General Government increased \$0.7 million in FY2013.

The following graph portrays the City's revenue sources for its governmental revenues:

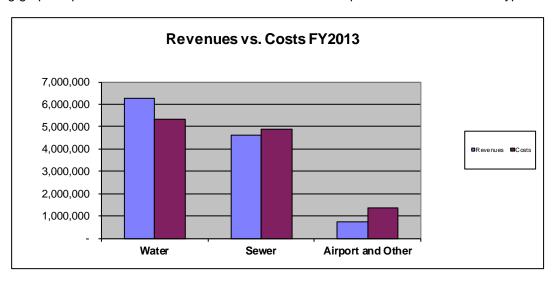


The following graph depicts the different expense categories and the percentage of resources provided for each category:



Business-type Activities

The following graph depicts the revenues versus the costs for each department of the business-type activities:



Normal Impacts

Revenues:

Economic Condition – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income and sales tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.

Increase/Decrease in City approved rates – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Council has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, wastewater, building fees, home rule sales tax, etc.)

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and are often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

Market Impacts on Investment income – the City's investment portfolio is managed using rotating short-term maturities resulting in less fluctuation in investment income.

City of Quincy, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Expenses:

Introduction of New Programs – within the functional expense categories (Public Safety, Public Works, General Government, etc.) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

Increase in Authorized Personnel – changes in service demand may cause the City Council to increase/decrease authorized staffing.

Salary Increases (annual adjustments) – of the City's six organized bargaining units, four are prohibited from work stoppage and, therefore, are subject to arbitration.

Inflation – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuel and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity-specific increases.

Current Year Impacts

Revenues:

For FY2013, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$39.9 million, an increase of \$1.2 million from FY2012. Most significant of the revenue changes was an increase of \$0.5 million in other taxes and an increase of \$0.4 in operating grants and contributions.

Intergovernmental revenues (shared state and local sales tax, replacement tax, and income tax) continue to be the City's largest revenue sources, combining for a total of \$27.2 million, or 68.2%, of all Governmental Activities revenues for FY2013.

Business-type Activities saw a decrease of \$0.6 million in charges for services from the previous fiscal year with charges for services decreasing \$0.4 million and capital grants and contributions decreasing by \$0.2 million.

Expenses:

For FY2013, expenditures for governmental activities totaled \$39.1 million, a slight decrease of \$0.2 million from the prior year.

Expenses for Business-type activities slightly increased by \$0.1 million.

For Governmental Activities the \$39.9 million in revenues was offset by \$39.1 million in expenses resulting in a reduction in net position of \$0.8 million before transfers and special items. For Business-type Activities, revenues of \$11.5 million were offset by \$11.6 million in expenses for a decrease in net position of \$0.1 million before transfers.

For FY2013, the costs that had been capitalized for the hydroelectric project of \$5.1 million was determined to be impaired due to the decision not to pursue these projects and the remote possibility of selling any assets acquired for the project.

The City's Funds

For FY2013, the governmental funds of the City reported a combined fund balance of \$18.8 million. This is an increase of 4.4%, or \$0.8 million from last year's combined fund balance of \$18.0 million. The ending balance includes an increase in fund balance of \$0.5 million in the City's General Fund. In addition, these other changes in fund balances should be noted:

- The Motor Fuel Tax Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$0.4 million. This fund is used to account for the motor fuels tax received and related costs for approved motor fuel tax projects.
- The 2009C G/O Library Project Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$0.3 million for FY2013. This fund is used to account for the bond proceeds and related costs of the construction and renovation of the Quincy Public Library, a component unit of the City of Quincy. The decrease is due to the spending of prior year unspent debt proceeds and all proceeds have been spent as of April 30, 2013.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

For FY2013, actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$26.6 million compared to the budget amount of \$28.0 million. The \$1.4 million variance was due to spending less than budgeted in various areas, especially police, fire, community development and building maintenance. The largest variances were in the police department of \$0.4 million and the fire department and community development of \$0.2 million each. Operating transfers out also had a variance of \$0.3 million with budgeted transfers being more than actual.

The City's actual amounts available for appropriation on a budgetary basis were \$30.2 million as compared to the budget amount of \$29.4 million. This resulted in a variance of \$0.8 million. Much of this variance is due to the budgeting of intergovernmental revenues of \$23.1 million and receiving \$24.0 million due to late payments received by the State of Illinois in this fiscal year from the prior year and an increase in sales tax received.

Capital Assets

At the end of FY2013, the City had \$116.9 million invested in its funds for capital assets. This amount represents a decrease of \$7.6 million or 6.1%. \$5.1 million of this decrease was due to the impairment of the hydroelectric projects costs in the governmental-type activities. The remaining \$2.1 million of this decrease in the governmental-type activities is due to current year depreciation exceeding current year additions.

Table 3
Capital Assets
(in millions)

	(Governmen	tal Ad	ctivities	Business-Ty	/ре А	ctivities	Total					
		2013		2012	2013		2012		2013		2012		
Non-Depreciable Assets Land Construction in Progress	\$	2.3 0.2	\$	2.2 5.7	\$ 1.8 -	\$	1.8 -	\$	4.1 0.2	\$	4.0 5.7		
Depreciable Assets		0.0		0.0	0.7		2.0		44.5		44.0		
Vehicles Buildings and improvements		8.8 16.6		8.6 16.6	2.7 146.5		2.6 144.3		11.5 163.1		11.2 160.9		
Equipment and furniture		6.2		5.9	1.9		1.8		8.1		7.7		
Infrastructure		121.2		119.0	-		-		121.2		119.0		
Accumulated depreciation		(104.7)		(100.2)	(86.6)		(83.8)		(191.3)		(184.0)		
	\$	50.6	\$	57.8	\$ 66.3	\$	66.7	\$	116.9	\$	124.5		

Debt Outstanding

At year-end, the City had \$17,854,529 in long-term bond obligations comprised of the following issues:

Table 4
Outstanding Debt

		Issued	0	utstanding	
GORN 2013A	\$	825,000	\$	825,000	
GORN 2013B		907,000		907,000	
GORB 2012		1,552,000		565,000	
GORB 2005		9,530,000		7,975,000	
GOCAB 2009A		6,596,818		1,087,529	
GOB 2009B		1,245,000		1,245,000	
GOB 2009C		5,533,000		5,250,000	
Total	\$ 26,188,818 \$ 17,854,52				

Economic Factors

Quincy is located in west central Illinois, adjacent to the Mississippi River and covers approximately 15.39 square miles. The City of Quincy is the economic hub for the region. The city is served by the Quincy Public School system and several institutions of higher learning including John Wood Community College, Quincy University, Vatterott College, and Blessing-Reiman College of Nursing. The presence of health care providers and retail shopping in our city creates a regional draw. Blessing Hospital is the largest employer in the city, employing over 2,600 people. The City's unemployment rate as of the end of April remains steady at 5.9%, same as last year. Based on building permits issued by the Inspections department, new construction is on the rise with 135 permits issued in FY2013 valued at over \$28 million compared to only 62 permits issued in FY2012 valued at \$18 million. The spark in new construction gives hope of a rising EAV in future years when construction is complete.

City of Quincy, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Ann Scott, City Comptroller, City of Quincy, 730 Maine St., Quincy, Illinois 62301-4056.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. The statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government as well as for its component units.

Fund financial statements for the City's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and Non-Major funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. Fiduciary statements include financial information for fiduciary funds and similar component units.

		Р				
	G	overnmental	usiness-type			
		Activities	Activities	 Total	Com	ponent Units
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,849,405	\$ 12,908,005	\$ 32,757,410	\$	917,468
Investments		-	-	-		2,698,949
Receivables, net		10,933,150	1,545,824	12,478,974		748,317
Inventories		34,709	221,402	256,111		-
Prepaid items		-	87,263	87,263		-
Net pension asset		2,164,294	-	2,164,294		-
Capital assets, net		50,545,567	 66,254,437	 116,800,004		6,769,943
Total Assets	\$	83,527,125	\$ 81,016,931	\$ 164,544,056	\$	11,134,677
Liabilities and Net Position						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,624,188	\$ 775,111	\$ 2,399,299	\$	18,953
Accrued expenses		1,088,879	86,039	1,174,918		112,968
Unearned revenue		-	261,641	261,641		770,212
Non-current liabilities:						
Accrued interest and accretion		398,798	-	398,798		-
Net pension obligation		447,819	-	447,819		-
OPEB obligation		290,998	-	290,998		-
Unearned property taxes		1,596,465	-	1,596,465		-
Due within one year		3,185,520	261,172	3,446,692		-
Due in more than one year		21,081,924	 562,703	 21,644,627		-
Total Liabilities	\$	29,714,591	\$ 1,946,666	\$ 31,661,257	\$	902,133
Net Position						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	\$	49,458,038	\$ 65,951,187	\$ 115,409,225	\$	6,769,943
Debt service		220,894	-	220,894		-
Capital projects		2,513,173	-	2,513,173		-
Economic development loans		6,642,598	-	6,642,598		-
Motor fuel tax projects		3,090,103	-	3,090,103		-
Other purposes		1,925,576	-	1,925,576		412,060
Unrestricted		(10,037,848)	 13,119,078	 3,081,230		3,050,541
Total Net Position	Φ	53,812,534	\$ 79,070,265	\$ 132,882,799	\$	10,232,544

								Net (Expense) Revenue and Char Primary Government						Net F	osition
			Pr	ogra	am Revenue	s			Р						
				(Operating		Capital								
		(Charges for	C	Frants and	G	Frants and	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-Type				
Program Activities	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ontributions		Activities		Activities		Total	Co	mponent Units
Primary Government:															
Governmental Activities:															
General government	\$ 5,040,912	\$	625,280	\$	101,757	\$	-	\$	(4,313,875)	\$	-	\$	(4,313,875)	\$	-
Public safety	16,206,843		1,009,027		680,127		139,429		(14,378,260)		-		(14,378,260)		-
Public works	11,458,597		2,764,089		2,938,947		33,750		(5,721,811)		-		(5,721,811)		-
Engineering services	1,601,794		-		-		-		(1,601,794)		-		(1,601,794)		-
Health and sanitation	156,037		-		-		-		(156,037)		-		(156,037)		-
Culture and recreation	1,001,832		-		-		-		(1,001,832)		-		(1,001,832)		-
Community development	2,321,044		316,906		1,548,358		-		(455,780)		-		(455,780)		-
Interest on long-term debt	1,079,281		-		_		-		(1,079,281)		-		(1,079,281)		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 38,866,340	\$	4,715,302	\$	5,269,189	\$	173,179	\$	(28,708,670)	\$	-	\$	(28,708,670)	\$	-
Business-type Activities:											_				
Water	\$ 5,322,344	\$	6,249,126	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	926,782	\$	926,782	\$	-
Sewer	4,889,690		4,601,212		-		-		-		(288,478)		(288,478)		-
Airport	1,248,733		136,205		-		-		-		(1,112,528)		(1,112,528)		-
Other	120,803		161,293		29,017		-		-		69,507		69,507		-
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 11,581,570	\$	11,147,836	\$	29,017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(404,717)	\$		\$	-
Total Primary Government	\$ 50,447,910	\$	15,863,138	\$	5,298,206	\$	173,179	\$	(28,708,670)	\$	(404,717)	\$	(29,113,387)	\$	-
Component Units:															
Woodland Cemetery	\$ 223,167	\$	5,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(217,467)
Quincy Public Library	2,456,110		329,060		23,223		1,059,061		-		-		-		(1,044,766)
Total Component Units	\$ 2,679,277	\$	334,760	\$	23,223	\$	1,059,061	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,262,233)
	General Revenu	es:													
	Taxes:	lová	ad for goneral					¢	420 200	φ		φ	430,209	¢.	793,647
	Property taxes,				oses			\$	430,209	\$	-	\$	1,522,374	\$	793,647
	Property taxes,								1,522,374		-				225 465
	Personal prope			K					1,396,732		-		1,396,732		325,465
	Sales and publ Income taxes	ic se	ervice taxes						21,128,483		-		21,128,483		-
		_							4,013,501		-		4,013,501		-
	Franchise taxes		Ouinav						702,225		-		702,225		160,100
	Payment from Ci								(160,100)		70.005		(160,100)		•
	Investment earni	ngs	(IOSS)						179,501		76,005		255,506		205,497
	Miscellaneous								299,824		312,388		612,212		25,109
	Transfers		alaatsia Duaiaat	C					(589,856)		584,856		(5,000)		-
	Impairment of Hy							Φ.	(5,143,481)	Φ.	973,249	Φ.	(5,143,481) 24,752,661	Φ.	1,509,818
	Total General Change in Net			ıı ite	ıns and ırar	ısıel	15	<u>\$</u>	23,779,412 (4,929,258)	<u>\$</u>	973,249 568,532	<u>\$</u>		\$	247,585
	Net Position at							Ф	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ф		Ф		Ф	9,984,959
	Net Position at							•	58,741,792 53,812,534	\$	78,501,733 79,070,265	¢	137,243,525 132,882,799	\$	9,984,959 10,232,544
	HELF USILIUII d	CII	u oi yeai					Ψ	33,012,334	Ψ	19,010,203	<u>Ψ</u>	132,002,133	<u>Ψ</u>	10,232,344

	General Fund	State and deral Grants Fund	Quincy ansit Lines	Capital Projects Fund	1996 GO Bond	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other funds	\$ 3,664,713 267,212	\$ 34,252 - -	\$ 315,151 5,265	\$ 1,092,171 - -	\$ 957,668 - -	\$	9,507,887 171,204 125,982	\$	15,571,842 443,681 125,982
Due from other governments	 4,223,874	 554,924		-	 		124,240		4,903,038
Total Assets	\$ 8,155,799	\$ 589,176	\$ 320,416	\$ 1,092,171	\$ 957,668	\$	9,929,313	\$	21,044,543
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds	\$ 135,196 520,931	\$ 436,323 - 125,982	\$ 4,798 46,569	\$ 23,731 - -	\$ 825,000 - -	\$	100,047 25,606	\$	1,525,095 593,106 125,982
Total Liabilities	\$ 656,127	\$ 562,305	\$ 51,367	\$ 23,731	\$ 825,000	\$	125,653	\$	2,244,183
Fund Balances Restricted for:									
Debt service Economic development loans Capital projects	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - - 1,068,440	\$ - 132,668	\$	443,732 2,985,778 1,825,466	\$	443,732 3,118,446 2,893,906
911 System Motor fuel tax projects	-	-	-	-	-		769,107 3,090,103		769,107 3,090,103
Public safety projects Other projects Housing projects	18,050 -	- - 26,871	- - -	-	-		225,232 236,420 -		225,232 254,470 26,871
Transit Assigned for:	-	· -	269,049	-	-		-		269,049
Green projects Capital projects Unassigned	 - - 7,481,622	- - -	- - -	 - - -	- - -		89,548 138,274 -		89,548 138,274 7,481,622
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,499,672	\$ 26,871	\$ 269,049	\$ 1,068,440	\$ 132,668	\$	9,803,660	\$	18,800,360
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 8,155,799	\$ 589,176	\$ 320,416	\$ 1,092,171	\$ 957,668	\$	9,929,313	\$	21,044,543

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 18,800,360
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	47,505,337
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet maintenance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position	
Current assets Capital assets	4,602,126 3,040,230
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	(699,789) (235,409)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for the current period expenditures and, therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	7,460,871
Long term liabilities including bonds payable with related interest and accretion, and deferred compensation are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	 (26,661,192)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 53,812,534

City of Quincy, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	General Fund		State and deral Grants Fund	Tr	Quincy ansit Lines	 Capital Projects Fund	 1996 GO Bond	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues	_										
Property taxes	\$	49,852	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,902,731	\$	1,952,583
Franchise taxes		404,723	-		-	-	-		297,502		702,225
Public service taxes		24,172,721	-		-	-	-		2,365,995		26,538,716
Grants and contributions		107,521	1,645,529		33,750	166,859	-		46,182		1,999,841
Charges for services		893,385	-		90,374	-	-		34,447		1,018,206
Fines and forfeitures		438,714	-		-	-	-		72,692		511,406
Intergovernmental		17,641	-		2,886,606	-	-		614,608		3,518,855
Investment earnings		20,908	398		611	6,516	943		130,854		160,230
Miscellaneous		94,716	-		-	 62,085	 -		628,379		785,180
Total Revenues	\$	26,200,181	\$ 1,645,927	\$	3,011,341	\$ 235,460	\$ 943	\$	6,093,390	\$	37,187,242
Expenditures											
General Government											
Aldermen	\$	228,782	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	228,782
Mayor		291,292	-		-	-	-		-		291,292
City Treasurer		246,809	-		-	-	-		-		246,809
City Clerk		164,096	-		-	-	-		-		164,096
Director of Administration		127,258	-		-	-	-		-		127,258
Purchasing		67,214	-		-	-	-		-		67,214
Building maintenance		173,204	-		-	-	-		-		173,204
Comptroller		349,130	-		-	-	-		-		349,130
Legal department		283,655	-		-	-	-		-		283,655
Boards and commissions		64,435	-		-	-	-		-		64,435
Information technology		634,060	-		-	-	-		-		634,060
Public Safety											
Police Department		8,242,669	-		-	-	-		80,653		8,323,322
Fire Department		6,102,871	-		-	-	-		2,505		6,105,376
911 System		-	-		-	-	-		1,449,771		1,449,771
Public Works		1,328,307	-		2,999,815	129,725	-		29,797		4,487,644
Engineering Services		740,995	-		-	-	-		490,557		1,231,552
Health and Sanitation		155,118	-		-	-	-		-		155,118
Cemetery		160,100	-		-	-	-		-		160,100
Culture and Recreation		45,765	-		-	-	-		956,067		1,001,832
Community Development		655,548	1,549,558		-	-	-		163,097		2,368,203
Debt Service		•	•						•		•
Principal retirement		67,195	-		-	161,969	175,000		1,065,000		1,469,164
Interest and charges		41,579	-		-	13,713	57,294		729,021		841,607
Capital outlay		211,878	54,512		46,174	1,136,515	· -		978,923		2,428,002
Total Expenditures	\$	20,381,960	\$ 1,604,070	\$	3,045,989	\$ 1,441,922	\$ 232,294	\$	5,945,391	\$	32,651,626

City of Quincy, Illinois

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Concluded)

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		General Fund	State and Federal Grants Fund		Quincy Transit Lines			Capital Projects Fund		1996 GO Bond	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	5,818,221	\$	41,857	\$	(34,648)	\$	(1,206,462)	\$	(231,351)	\$	147,999	\$	4,535,616
•	Ψ	0,010,221	Ψ	11,007	Ψ	(01,010)	Ψ	(1,200,102)	Ψ_	(201,001)	Ψ	117,000	Ψ	1,000,010
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Cost share transfers, net	\$	626,938	\$	(69,300)	\$	(164,315)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(16,387)	\$	376,936
Sale of assets		19,463		-		-		-		-		-		19,463
Operating transfers in		352,112		-		268,452		2,076,706		227,083		1,101,190		4,025,543
Operating transfers out		(6,307,164)		(315,001)		-		(760,130)		-		(813,620)		(8,195,915)
Debt proceeds		907,000		-		-		-		825,000		-		1,732,000
Payments on current refunding		(907,000)				-		-		(825,000)				(1,732,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(5,308,651)	\$	(384,301)	\$	104,137	\$	1,316,576	\$	227,083	\$	271,183	\$	(3,773,973)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over														
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	509,570	\$	(342,444)	\$	69,489	\$	110,114	\$	(4,268)	\$	419,182	\$	761,643
Fund Balances, May 1, 2012		6,990,102		369,315		199,560		958,326		136,936		9,384,478		18,038,717
Fund Balances, April 30, 2013	\$	7,499,672	\$	26,871	\$	269,049	\$	1,068,440	\$	132,668	\$	9,803,660	\$	18,800,360

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 761,643
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the governmental-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation and disposals in the current period.	(7,112,230)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,080,852
Compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources, as they are considered long-term liabilities. Therefore, the change in compensated absences liability is not included as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(123,480)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	565,663
Some expenses reported in the statement of net activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(101,706)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (4,929,258)

			Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									Go	vernmental		
		Water Department	D	Sewer Department		Quincy legional Airport	Т	Regional Fraining Facility	Е	Other nterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Internal Service Fund		
Assets		•		<u> </u>		<u>'</u>									
Current Assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,376,537	\$	5,132,501	\$	235,417	\$	15,847	\$	147,703	\$	12,908,005	\$	4,277,563	
Receivables, net		891,071		634,215		19,548		-		990		1,545,824		289,854	
Inventories		221,402		-		-		-		-		221,402		34,709	
Prepaid expenses		52,189		35,074		-		-		-		87,263		-	
Total Current Assets	\$	8,541,199	\$	5,801,790	\$	254,965	\$	15,847	\$	148,693	\$	14,762,494	\$	4,602,126	
Noncurrent Assets															
Land	\$	242,946	\$	861,374	\$	453,124	\$	220,390	\$	19,945	\$	1,797,779	\$	488,071	
Systems		28,712,864		81,220,295	1	7,222,107		-		145,556		127,300,822		510,500	
Building and equipment		3,941,896		9,129,689		4,943,298		876,315		241,282		19,132,480		2,210,394	
Vehicles and equipment		723,766		2,043,596		1,880,203		16,835		-		4,664,400		5,529,898	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(17,503,391)	(58,432,487)	(1	0,251,487)		(228,948)		(224,731)		(86,641,044)		(5,698,633)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	16,118,081	\$	34,822,467	\$ 1	4,247,245	\$	884,592	\$	182,052	\$	66,254,437	\$	3,040,230	
Total Assets	\$	24,659,280	\$	40,624,257	\$ 1	4,502,210	\$	900,439	\$	330,745	\$	81,016,931	\$	7,642,356	
Liabilities															
Current Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	388.162	\$	353,429	\$	10.870	\$	22,399	\$	251	\$	775,111	\$	99,093	
Accrued expenses	Ψ	51,225	*	27,762	Ψ	5,456	Ψ	,000	Ψ	1,596	Ψ	86,039	Ψ	495,773	
Customer deposits		261,641				-		_		-		261,641		-	
Compensated absences		110,675		36,340		8,720		_		2,187		157,922		104,923	
Bonds, notes and loans payable		-		-		53,250		50,000		-		103,250		-	
Total Current Liabilities	\$	811,703	\$	417,531	\$	78,296	\$	72,399	\$	4,034	\$	1,383,963	\$	699,789	
Noncurrent liabilities				,							<u> </u>	,,			
Compensated absences	\$	256,003	\$	72,657	\$	28,847	\$	-	\$	5.196	\$	362,703	\$	235,409	
Bonds, notes and loans payable	·	, -		· -	·	· -		200,000	·	· -	·	200,000		· -	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	256,003	\$	72,657	\$	28,847	\$	200,000	\$	5,196	\$	562,703	\$	235,409	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,067,706	\$	490,188	\$	107,143	\$	272,399	\$	9,230	\$	1,946,666	\$	935,198	
Net Position															
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	16,118,081	\$	34,822,467	\$ 1	4,193,995	\$	634,592	\$	182,052	\$	65,951,187	\$	3,040,230	
Unrestricted	•	7,473,493	•	5,311,602	•	201,072	•	(6,552)	•	139,463	•	13,119,078	•	3,666,928	
			_									79,070,265		6,707,158	

				Business-ty	pe A	ctivities - Eı	nterp	rise Funds					Go	overnmental	
	D	Water epartment	D	Sewer epartment	ı	Quincy Regional Airport	7	Regional Fraining Facility		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Internal Service Funds		
Operating Revenues															
Charges for services	\$	6,249,126	\$	4,601,212	\$	136,205	\$	13,935	\$	147,358	\$	11,147,836	\$	10,820,044	
Miscellaneous		37,305	_	589	_	280,415	_	21,671	_	-	_	339,980	_	33,838	
Total Operating Revenues	\$	6,286,431	\$	4,601,801	\$	416,620	\$	35,606	\$	147,358	\$	11,487,816	\$	10,853,882	
Operating Expenses															
Salaries and wages	\$	1,720,183	\$	798,272	\$	204,898	\$	1,782	\$	26,562	\$	2,751,697	\$	1,895,855	
Benefits		988,881		587,582		121,782		407		12,156		1,710,808		1,146,512	
Purchased services		448,183		1,676,745		147,268		10,428		4,331		2,286,955		3,790,805	
Supplies		1,221,667		95,667		124,065		3,694		5,441		1,450,534		1,121,507	
Claims and judgments		-		-		· -		· -		-		· · · · -		5,730,792	
Noncapitalized equipment		(2,171)		_		365		-		-		(1,806)		-	
Other objects		236,828		255,417		14,157		608		-		507,010		47,129	
Depreciation		708,773		1,473,752		634,083		34,657		20,737		2,872,002		155,406	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	5,322,344	\$	4,887,435	\$	1,246,618	\$	51,576	\$	69,227	\$	11,577,200	\$	13,888,006	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	964,087	\$	(285,634)	\$	(829,998)	\$	(15,970)	\$	78,131	\$	(89,384)	\$	(3,034,124)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)															
Interest income	\$	42,439	\$	31,029	\$	1,354	\$	58	\$	1,125	\$	76,005	\$	19,271	
Grants and contributions		-		-		-		29,017		-		29,017		-	
Sale of assets		-		-		-		(27,592)		-		(27,592)		-	
Interest expense		-		(2,255)		(2,115)				-		(4,370)		-	
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	42,439	\$	28,774	\$	(761)	\$	1,483	\$	1,125	\$	73,060	\$	19,271	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and															
Contributions	\$	1,006,526	\$	(256,860)	\$	(830,759)	\$	(14,487)	\$	79,256	\$	(16,324)	\$	(3,014,853)	
Transfers in		291,000		59,000		309,000		137,960		_		796,960		3,580,516	
Transfers out		(58,292)		(53,812)		-		-		(100,000)		(212,104)		-	
Change in Net Position	\$	1,239,234	\$	(251,672)	\$	(521,759)	\$	123,473	\$	(20,744)	\$	568,532	\$	565,663	
Net Position at beginning of year		22,352,340		40,385,741		14,916,826		504,567		342,259		78,501,733		6,141,495	
Net Position at year end	\$	23,591,574	\$	40,134,069	\$	14,395,067	\$	628,040	\$	321,515	\$	79,070,265	\$	6,707,158	

			Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmental			
		Water epartment		Sewer epartment		Quincy Regional Airport	F	Regional Fraining Facility	E	Other Interprise Funds	ļ	Total Enterprise Funds		ctivities - Internal rvice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		<u> </u>		<u>. </u>										
Receipts from customers		6,356,392		4,689,735	\$	139,942	\$	13,935	\$	150,389	\$	11,350,393	\$	4,635,026
Payments to suppliers		(1,943,638)		(1,762,943)		(283,906)		1,137		(10,191)		(3,999,541)		(6,132,037)
Payments to employees		(2,682,928)		(1,383,529)		(344,908)		(2,189)		(36,647)		(4,450,201)		(1,836,524)
Internal activity - payments to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		6,265,964
Claims paid		-		-		-		-		-		-		(5,731,061)
Other receipts (payments)	_	37,305	_	589		280,415		21,671		<u> </u>		339,980		(13,291)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,767,131	\$	1,543,852	\$	(208,457)	\$	34,554	\$	103,551	\$	3,240,631	\$	(2,811,923)
Cash Flows from NonCapital Financing Activities:	•		•		•		•		•	(,,,,,,,,,)	_		•	
Operating subsidies and transfers	\$	232,708	\$	5,188	\$	309,000	\$	137,960	\$	(100,000)	\$	584,856	\$	3,580,516
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:														
Proceeds from sale of debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Capital contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Purchases of capital assets		(969,738)		(1,357,767)		-		(135,926)		-		(2,463,431)		(28,543)
Disposal of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Principal paid on capital debt		-		(83,730)		(89,864)		(50,000)		-		(223,594)		-
Interest paid on capital debt		-		(2,255)		(2,115)		-		-		(4,370)		-
Other receipts (payments)		-		-				29,017		-		29,017		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(969,738)	\$	(1,443,752)	\$	(91,979)	\$	(156,909)	\$		\$	(2,662,378)	\$	(28,543)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	\$	42,439	\$	31,029	\$	1,354	\$	58	\$	1,125	\$	76,005	\$	19,271
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	\$	42,439	\$	31,029	\$	1,354	\$	58_	\$	1,125	\$	76,005	\$	19,271
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Investments	\$	1,072,540	\$	136,317	\$	9,918	\$	15,663	\$	4,676	\$	1,239,114	\$	759,321
Cash and Cash Equivalents, May 1, 2012		6,303,997		4,996,184		225,499		184		143,027		11,668,891		3,518,242
Cash and Cash Equivalents, April 30, 2013	\$	7,376,537	\$	5,132,501	\$	235,417	\$	15,847	\$	147,703	\$	12,908,005	\$	4,277,563

			Business-ty	/pe /	Activities En	iterp	orise Funds			Gov	ernmental
	Wat Depart		Sewer Department	ا	Quincy Regional Airport	R	Regional Fraining Facility	Other Interprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	li	tivities - nternal vice Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities											
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 96	4,087	\$ (285,634)	\$	(829,998)	\$	(15,970)	\$ 78,131	\$ (89,384)	\$	(3,034,124)
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	·		,		, , ,		, ,	·	,		` ' ' '
Amortization and depreciation	708	8,773	1,473,752		634,083		34,657	20,737	2,872,002		155,406
(Gain)/Loss on sale of fixed assets		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
(Increase) Decrease in:											
Accounts receivable	16	7,905	88,523		3,737		-	3,031	263,196		80,946
Inventories	(43	3,188)	-		-		-	-	(43,188)		5,999
Prepaid items	(1,926)	(1,283)		-		-	-	(3,209)		-
Increase (Decrease) in:											
Accounts payable	!	5,983	266,169		1,949		15,867	(419)	289,549		(79,481)
Accrued expenses	•	7,905	4,632		2,160		-	264	14,961		17,832
Customer deposits	(6)	0,639)	-		-		-	-	(60,639)		-
Compensated absences	1	8,231	(2,307)		(20,388)		-	 1,807	(2,657)		41,499
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 1,76	7,131	\$ 1,543,852	\$	(208,457)	\$	34,554	\$ 103,551	\$ 3,240,631	\$	(2,811,923)

	 Pension Trust Funds	Private Purpose Trusts
Assets Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$ 2,487,421 52,191,356 3,526,879	\$ 213,250 - -
Total Assets	\$ 58,205,656	\$ 213,250
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities Accrued expenses Unearned property taxes	\$ 26,921 3,293,190	\$ <u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,320,111	\$ -
Net Position		
Held in trust for pension benefits Restricted for future expenditures	\$ 54,885,545 -	\$ - 213,250
Total Net Position	\$ 54,885,545	\$ 213,250

54,885,545

\$

213,250

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

Pension Private Trust **Purpose Funds Trusts Additions** Taxes: \$ Property taxes 3,343,444 \$ Personal Property Replacement tax 704,159 Total taxes 4,047,603 \$ Contributions: \$ Plan members 839,068 \$ **Outside Agencies** 174.356 Transfers from general fund 5,000 Total contributions 839,068 179,356 \$ Investment earnings: Net increase (decrease) in fair value \$ \$ 2,345,210 Realized gain (loss) on sale of investments (164,875)Interest 682,061 281 Dividends 604,568 Total investment earnings 281 \$ 3,466,964 \$ \$ **Total Additions** 8,353,635 \$ 179,637 **Deductions Benefits** \$ 5,543,014 \$ Administrative expenses 416,249 Payments to others 9,326 **Total Deductions** 5,959,263 \$ 9,326 \$ Change in net assets 2,394,372 \$ 170,311 Net position, May 1, 2012 52,491,173 42,939 Net position, April 30, 2013

Notes to the Financial Statements

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Quincy, Illinois (City) was incorporated in 1840. The City is a home rule city under Illinois law and operates under the Council/Mayor form of government. The City provides a variety of general government services to residents including law enforcement, fire protection, public works, cemetery, airport services, public health and welfare, community development, waterworks and sanitation.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds and account groups included in the accompanying combined financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

The City's combined financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City has determined that the Quincy Public Library, the 911 System and Woodland Cemetery are component units of the City of Quincy, Illinois. Financial information on the 911 System has been blended within the City's reporting entity. Information for the Quincy Public Library and Woodland Cemetery has been discretely presented. Complete financial statements for the library and cemetery may be obtained from the respective entities.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The focus is on both the City as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds (by fund type), and the component units. Both the government-wide and the fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type activities. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities' columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Each presentation provides valuable information for enhanced analysis and comparability.

The government-wide Statement of Position reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, culture and recreation, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, culture and recreation, etc.) or business-type activity.

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The operating grants column includes operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants and contributions.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The fund statements are presented on a current financial resource or modified accrual basis of accounting. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide financial statements.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the City.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance". The measurement focus is on determination of changes in financial position, rather than on income determination. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvements that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

State and Federal Grants Fund

The State and Federal Grants Fund is used to account for the various community development and housing grants received from the Federal and State government.

Quincy Transit Lines Fund

The Quincy Transit Lines Fund is used to account for the activities of the City's public transit system. The majority of this fund's resources come from state and federal grants and allocations.

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds (Concluded)

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition or construction of capital projects not included in other Capital Project funds.

1996 GO Bond Fund

This debt service fund is used to account for the payment of the principal and interest of the 1996 GO Bonds originally issued to fund the Oakley-Lindsay Center. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2013, this bond was refinanced with general obligation refunding notes. The proceeds from these notes were received by the City before April 30, 2013, however the final payout to the bonds was not made until May 2013. Therefore, this fund shows accounts payable of \$825,000 which, therefore, required the fund to be shown as a major fund this year.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered non-major and are as follows:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue resources (other than assessments, expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These funds include: 911 System, Motor Fuel Tax, Town Road Tax, Police Contributions, Fire Contributions, Franchise Fee "Green", Tourism Tax, and the City's Revolving Loan funds. These loan funds include the Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund, which was established from an Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG); the Community Development Action Program (CDAP) Revolving Loan Fund; the Central Business District Loan Fund; the Neighborhood Housing Rehab Loan Fund; and the Energy Grant Loan Fund.

Capital Project Funds – used to account for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities other than those being financed by proprietary funds. The Capital Projects Funds use General Obligation or Certificates of Obligation Bonds proceeds, grants, or transfers from other funds. These funds include Sanitation Connection, TIF #2, TIF #3, 2009 OLC Capital Projects, 2009 Hydro Project, 2009C G/O Library Project, Sewer Equipment Replacement, QMEA Cap Reserve, and Fire Equipment Improvement.

Debt Service Funds – used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt primarily from taxes levied by the City. The fund balances of the Debt Service Funds are restricted to signify the amounts that are restricted exclusively for debt service expenditures.

2. Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The City's major Enterprise Funds consist of the following funds:

Water Fund – used to account for the operation of the City's water treatment facilities and services.

Sewer Fund – used to account for the operation of the City's waste disposal activities.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Proprietary Funds (Concluded)

Quincy Regional Airport Fund – used to account for the operation of the City's airport.

Firefighters Regional Training Center – used to account for the operation of the fire training center

The other enterprise fund of the City, Quincy Regional Dock, is considered non-major.

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by such departments to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's Internal Service Funds include Self Insurance, Central Services, Central Garage, Health Insurance Fund and Unemployment Compensation Fund. These funds are included in the governmental activities for government-wide reporting purposes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The excess revenue or expenses for the funds are allocated to the appropriate functional activity.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The Fiduciary Funds of the City are as follows:

Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Trust Funds are accounted for in the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The Pension Trust Funds account for the assets of the City's Police and Fire pension plans.

Police Pension Fund – used to account for the accumulation of resources needed to pay pension costs when due. Resources are contributions from police force members at rates fixed by state statutes and City contributions in the form of an annual property tax levy.

Fire Pension Fund – used to account for the accumulation of resources needed to pay pension costs when due. Resources are contributions from fire department members at rates fixed by state statutes and City contributions in the form of an annual property tax levy.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to accumulate assets for other purposes. These funds consist of the Learn Not to Burn Fund, the Sister City Commission Fund, the Stay Alive House Fund, the Lincoln Bicentennial Commission, the Human Rights Commission, the City Tree Board and the Bridge Lighting Fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds' statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of revenues. First, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City. Therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. Second, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services (other than utilities), and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash, because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they are levied, and the current taxes receivable represents an estimate of the 2012 levy. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property in the City. The City passes a property tax levy ordinance, usually in the fourth calendar quarter of each year, for the fiscal year beginning on May 1 of such calendar year. The tax becomes a lien as of the following January 1, on the assessed value listed as of the day prior (December 31) for all real property located in the City. In the year following the levy, the County bills the property taxes in two installments, generally in May and August. The taxes become delinquent approximately 40 days after the dates billed. The County collects the taxes and remits them to the City. The City receives these remittances approximately one month after the collections' dates.

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, all proprietary funds and pension trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the statement of net position or on the statement of fiduciary net position.

The statement of net position, statement of activities, financial statements of the Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash. Property taxes are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connections with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Except where otherwise required, the City maintains all deposits in a bank account in the name of the City. These deposits are invested on a short-term basis with interest income being allocated to the funds based on their respective balances.

E. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on the national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments are reported in the Police and Fire Pension funds.

F. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows for the proprietary fund type funds, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

G. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable result primarily from services provided to citizens and are accounted for in various funds. Water services are accounted for in the Water Fund and sewer and airport services are accounted for in the Sewer Fund and Quincy Regional Airport Fund. Accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

H. Inventories

Inventories consist of consumable supplies and are valued at cost using the first in-first out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets including land, buildings, improvements, equipment assets and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater.

Assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the assets are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Systems and Improvements 20 - 100 years Buildings 15 - 100 years Machinery and Equipment 5 - 40 years Office Equipment 5 - 10 years Vehicles 5 - 15 years

The City's collections of works of art, library books, and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to City policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items to be used to acquire other collection items.

J. Deferred and Unearned Revenue

In the governmental funds, unearned revenues represent amounts due, which are measurable, but not available. In the statement of net position, unearned revenues represent the deferral of property tax receivables which are levied for a future period.

Unearned revenue represents grants and similar items received, however, the City has not met all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

K. Interfund Transactions

Transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it, which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund. Transactions which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective fund's operating statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Non-current portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances within the governmental funds and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

L. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused compensatory benefits. For proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year earned. For governmental fund types, the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation which is payable from available resources is recorded as a liability of the respective fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and resignations.

Sick leave and other benefits are accumulative as far as time available and are reimbursable to employees upon termination, in full or in part. The costs of these benefits are recognized when paid to active employees.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation of through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The City first applied restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

N. Fund Balances

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable- This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City had no nonspendable fund balances as of April 30, 2013.

Restricted- This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City had \$11,090,916 in restricted fund balances that consisted of various funds.

Committed- This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City had no committed fund balances as of April 30, 2013.

Assigned- This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council through budgetary process. The City had assigned resources of \$227,822 as of April 30, 2013.

Unassigned- All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The City's policy is to use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise.

O. Bond Premium and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Recognized as Assets and Liabilities*, bond premiums, as well as issuance costs, are shown as outflows of resources in the year the debt was issued. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Properties Held for Resale

Properties acquired through the Community Development Program are recorded at the lower of cost or fair value. Therefore, costs incurred which are not recoverable upon resale and permanent declines in fair value are charged to expense/expenditures.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The fiscal year of the City of Quincy, Illinois has been established as the twelve-month period beginning on May 1. The Mayor submits a budget of estimated expenditures and revenues to the City Council. State law requires that a public hearing on the proposed budget be held at least 10 days prior to passage to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is required to be legally adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to May 1.

The City Council is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments. The budget is changed by line item transfers or supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integrations are employed as a management controls device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and Debt Service Funds.

The budget is prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Individual fund statements have been reconciled from the modified accrual basis of accounting to the cash basis of accounting for comparative purposes. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, which were adopted.

3) Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City follows a policy of required collateralization of all deposits in excess of federally insured amounts. At April 30, 2013, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (excluding component units) was \$35,456,206 and the respective bank balances totaled \$35,848,969. Included in the bank balances are Certificates of Deposit totaling \$21,110,000. The insured and collateral status of the bank balances, by category risk, was as follows:

	G	Primary
FDIC Insured	\$	16,412,794
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust		
department or agent in the City's name		15,915,495
Invested in Money Market Funds		2,487,421
Invested in Illinois Funds		1,033,259
	\$	35,848,969

Investments

State statutes and City ordinances authorize the City's investments. The City is authorized to invest in U.S. Government obligations and its agencies or instrumentalities (excluding collateralized mortgage obligations, or CMO's; Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits, or REMIC's; or other principal or interest only obligations), obligations of any state or a political subdivision of any state (pension funds), money market funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, repurchase agreements, insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and money market funds. Pension fund investments are authorized by state statute and include, in addition to the previously mentioned investments, marketable equity securities.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy generally limits the maturities of investments to no more than three years from the date of purchase. Reserves for capital improvement projects are limited to the expected use of the funds or a maximum of five years from the date of purchase. State statute places additional maturity limits on specific investment vehicles. Investments in short term obligations of corporations are limited to 180 days from the date of purchase and repurchase agreements are limited to periods of 330 days or less.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top three ratings issued by at least two standard rating services. The City limits pension fund investments in individual issues to a maximum of 10% of the pension fund's net assets.

Investments available for sale are recorded in the Firefighters' and Police Pension Funds. The investments are held by the Firefighters' and Police Pension Funds and are actively managed by Mercantile Trust Department and First Bankers Trust Department, respectively.

3) Deposits and Investments (Concluded)

Investments shown in the Fiduciary Funds – Pension Trusts are as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Investments Available for Sale:		
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 27,023,114	\$ 27,976,430
Mutual Funds	3,447,991	3,677,523
Common and Preferred Stocks	17,248,886	 20,537,403
	\$ 47,719,991	\$ 52,191,356
Investment Maturities (in years):		
Maturing 2013-2035	\$ 27,023,114	\$ 27,976,430
	\$ 27,023,114	\$ 27,976,430
Equity Securities	 20,696,877	 24,214,926
	\$ 47,719,991	\$ 52,191,356

A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and investments, as shown in the financial statements, is as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 1,875
Deposits with financial institutions	35,456,206
Investments	52,191,356
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 87,649,437

		Cash and			
	E	Equivalents	lı	nvestments	 Total
Government-wide Statement of Net Assets	\$	32,757,410	\$	-	\$ 32,757,410
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets		2,700,671		52,191,356	54,892,027
	\$	35,458,081	\$	52,191,356	\$ 87,649,437

4) Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 130,891
Public safety	437,360
Public works	3,453,618
Other governmental activities	521,542
Total Governmental activities	\$ 4,543,411
Business-Type Activities	
Water	\$ 708,773
Sewer	1,473,752
Airport	654,820
Other enterprise	34,657
Total Business-type activities	\$ 2,872,002

4) Capital Assets (Concluded)

The following is a summary of Capital Asset transactions for the year ended April 30, 2013:

Governmental Activities

	Balance,						Balance,	
	A	April 30, 2012 Add		Additions Retirements		April 30, 2013		
Buildings	\$	15,169,281	\$	68,507	\$	-	\$	15,237,788
Improvements		1,434,111		-		(17,218)		1,416,893
Infrastructure		118,998,391		2,180,956		-		121,179,347
Machinery and equipment		5,676,701		283,496		-		5,960,197
Vehicles		8,596,147		189,953		(21,996)		8,764,104
Furniture and intangibles		243,912		-		-		243,912
Total assets being depreciated	\$	150,118,543	\$	2,722,912	\$	(39,214)	\$	152,802,241
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	(4,866,795)	\$	(378, 254)	\$	-	\$	(5,245,049)
Improvements		(734,755)		(35,101)		9,470		(760,386)
Infrastructure		(85,073,187)		(3,327,349)		-		(88,400,536)
Machinery and equipment		(3,895,097)		(307,055)		-		(4,202,152)
Vehicles		(5,460,632)		(483,848)		21,996		(5,922,484)
Furniture and intangibles		(171,610)		(11,804)				(183,414)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(100,202,076)	\$	(4,543,411)	\$	31,466	\$	(104,714,021)
Net total of capital assets being depreciated	\$	49,916,467	\$	(1,820,499)	\$	(7,748)	\$	48,088,220
Land		2,163,853		124,500		(1,000)		2,287,353
Construction in Progress		5,704,341		169,994		(5,704,341)		169,994
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$	57,784,661	\$	(1,526,005)	\$	(5,713,089)	\$	50,545,567

Business-Type Activities

	Α	Balance, pril 30, 2012	Additions	Re	tirements	Α	Balance, pril 30, 2013
Buildings	\$	17,863,908	\$ 1,317,026	\$	(48,454)	\$	19,132,480
Systems		126,335,460	965,362		-		127,300,822
Machinery and equipment		1,842,870	71,839		-		1,914,709
Vehicles		2,640,487	109,204		-		2,749,691
Total assets being depreciated	\$	148,682,725	\$ 2,463,431	\$	(48,454)	\$	151,097,702
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings	\$	(9,408,083)	\$ (409,898)	\$	20,862	\$	(9,797,119)
Systems		(71,459,063)	(2,547,074)		-		(74,006,137)
Machinery and equipment		(965,988)	(73,108)		92,620		(946,476)
Vehicles		(1,956,770)	(84,202)		149,660		(1,891,312)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(83,789,904)	\$ (3,114,282)	\$	263,142	\$	(86,641,044)
Net total of capital assets being depreciated	\$	64,892,821	\$ (650,851)	\$	214,688	\$	64,456,658
Land		1,797,779	-		-		1,797,779
Construction in Progress			 				-
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets	\$	66,690,600	\$ (650,851)	\$	214,688	\$	66,254,437

5) Non-current Liabilities

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013, the changes in non-current liabilities are as follows:

Governmental A	Activities
----------------	------------

54,529 79,949
79,949
18,849
05,599
54,316
17,819
90,998
96,465
53,000
)1,524
nce
, 2013
53,250
50,000
20,626
23,876

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge on the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the City. General Obligation Bonds require the City to compute, at the time other taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The City is in compliance with this requirement.

Arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Act of 1986 require the City to rebate excess arbitrage earnings from bond proceeds to the federal government. The City has determined that it has not earned interest on bond proceeds in excess of arbitrage amounts and, consequently, has not accrued an "arbitrage liability" to the federal government.

General Obligation Bonds

At April 30, 2013, bonds payable consisted of the following individual issues:

\$1,552,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, dated May 1, 2010, due in annual installments ranging from \$50,000 to \$382,000 through 2020, with interest from 2.25% to 3.60%, payable April 15 and October 15. 565,000 \$825,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax) Notes, Series 2013A, dated April 14, 2013, due in monthly installments of \$17,763.37 each through April 24, 2017, with interest at 1.60%, payable the 24th of each month. 825,000 \$907,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax) Notes, Series 2013B, dated April 24, 2013, due in monthly installments of \$11,612.09 each through April 24, 2020, with interest at 2.08%, payable the 24th of each month. 907,000 \$9.530,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005. dated November 22, 2005, due in annual installments ranging from \$30,000 to \$1,320,000 through 2020, with interest from 3.0% to 4.0%, payable April 15 and October 15. 7,975,000 \$6,596,818.30 (\$7,290,000 Compounded Accreted Value at Maturity) General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2009A, dated September 21, 2009, with principal and interest of \$4,970,000 due on December 1, 2012, and principal and interest of \$2,320,000 due on December 1, 2015, with interest from 2.0% to 3.0% 1,087,529 \$1,245,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B, dated September 21, 2009, due in annual installments ranging from \$185,000 to \$225,000 beginning 2018 through 2023, with interest from 3.0% to 4.0%, payable January 1 and July 1. 1,245,000 \$5,533,000 Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009C (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds (Direct Payment)), dated November 20, 2009, due in annual installments ranging from \$58,000 through \$420,000 through 2029, with interest from 2.2% to 6.1%, payable January 1 and July 1. 5,250,000 Total 17,854,529 Less: Current portion of bonds payable (1,512,796)Net Long-Term Bonds Payable 16,341,733

On May 1, 2010, the City issued \$1,552,000 in 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund the Series 1999 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$1,533,133 (after payment of \$18,867 in issuance costs) were deposited with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 1999 Series bonds. As a result, the 1999 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide statement of net position. This refinancing is expected to produce an overall cash flow savings of \$52,759 over the ten years following the refunding and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$69,926.

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

On April 14, 2013, the City issued General Obligation (Limited Tax) Notes in the amount of \$825,000 to currently refund the 1996 Corporate Purpose Bonds originally issued to finance the construction of the Oakley-Lindsay Center. The proceeds of this bond were received prior to April 30, 2013, however, payment was not transferred to the bond agent until May 2013. As a result, \$825,000 is shown in accounts payable at April 30, 2013.

On April 24, 2013, the City issued General Obligation (Limited Tax) Notes in the amount of \$907,000 to currently refund the loan agreement with Bank of America originally issued to provide financing for City Hall heating and air conditioning upgrades.

On November 15, 2005, the City issued \$9,530,000 in General Obligation Bonds with an average interest rate of 3.5% to advance refund \$9,420,000 of outstanding 1998, 1999 and 2000 Series bonds. The net proceeds of \$9,494,494 (after payment of \$35,506 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1998, 1999 and 2000 Series bonds. As a result, the 1998, 1999 and 2000 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide statement of net position. The City completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$841,923 and to obtain an economic gain of \$676,286.

On September 21, 2009, the City issued General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bonds in the amount of \$6,596,818.30 with a compounded accreted value of \$7,290,000. The bond proceeds are being used for engineering, design and other preliminary work for a regional hydro-electric plant and lock and dam facilities. These bonds do not pay semiannual interest. Instead the Compounded Accreted Value will accrue from the date of delivery and compound on June 1 and December 1 each year at the per annum rate. This Compounded Accreted Value will be payable in two installments: \$4,970,000 on December 1, 2011 and \$2,320,000 on December 1, 2015. During the year ended April 30, 2012, the City used the unused proceeds from this bond along with City funds to partially repay this bond in the amount of \$5,813,105 including the accumulated accretion. The accretion for the remaining bond balance due for the year ended April 30, 2013, is \$279,949 and the accumulated accretion is included in the government-wide statement of net assets.

On September 15, 2009, the City issued additional General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$1,245,000 to finance extensions and improvements for the Oakley-Lindsay Center.

The City issued Taxable General Obligation Bonds, or Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, on November 20, 2009, in the amount of \$5,533,000. These bonds are also referred to as Build America Bonds. Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) state and local governments were allowed to issue taxable governmental bonds with a federal subsidy for a portion of the borrowing costs equal to 45 percent of the total coupon interest payable to investors. The proceeds of these bonds are being used to fund the acquisition, construction and installation of Quincy Public Library facilities and improvements.

In prior years, the City issued refunding bonds to defease certain outstanding bonds for the purpose of consolidation and to achieve debt service savings. The City has placed the proceeds from the refunding issues in irrevocable escrow accounts with a trust agent to insure payment of debt service on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account's assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. Although defeased, the unfunded debt from these earlier issues will not be actually retired until the call dates come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues. On April 30, 2013, these prior refunded bonds had been retired, therefore, no money is being held in escrow on these refunding bonds.

Interest expense from these bonds totaling \$833,175 has been included as a direct function expense. No interest was required to be capitalized during the year ended April 30, 2013.

General Obligation Bonds (Concluded)

As a home-rule maturity, the City has no legal debt limit.

The annual aggregate maturities of General Obligation bonded debt for subsequent years are as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 1,512,796	\$ 704,332	\$ 2,217,128
2015	1,588,672	642,192	2,230,864
2016	2,757,144	965,265	3,722,409
2017	1,745,758	510,326	2,256,084
2018	1,817,218	447,370	2,264,588
2019-2023	5,727,941	1,308,848	7,036,789
2024-2028	2,285,000	557,510	2,842,510
2029	420,000	25,620	445,620
	\$ 17,854,529	\$ 5,161,463	\$ 23,015,992

Notes Payable - Bank

The City entered into a loan agreement with the State of Illinois Environmental Agency on June 30, 1992, to provide financial assistance for Phase I of the South Quincy Sewer project. The agreement provides for a loan of \$1,200,000 with an interest rate of 3.58%, payable over a term of twenty years. As of April 30, 2013, the balance of this loan agreement is zero.

On November 30, 2009, the City entered into a loan agreement with Bank of Springfield in the amount of \$336,428.26 to refinance loans with First Bankers Trust Company (for a pump truck for the Fire Department) and Associated Bank (for an Airport Hangar building). This agreement calls for 66 monthly payments of \$5,527 each at a fixed interest rate of 2.94%. The balance outstanding at April 30, 2013, was \$63,930.

On November 20, 2009, the City entered into a loan agreement with Bank of Springfield in the amount of \$729,172 to provide financing to purchase fire equipment. The agreement calls for 72 monthly payments of \$11,049 each at a fixed interest rate of 2.91%. The balance outstanding at April 30, 2013, was \$329,169.

The City entered into a loan agreement with the Illinois Finance Authority for the Fire Truck Revolving Loan Program on April 7, 2009. This program allows the Authority to make no interest loans to fire departments for the purpose of purchasing fire trucks and related equipment. This loan calls for 20 annual payments of \$12,500 each beginning November 1, 2011 and ending November 1, 2029. The balance outstanding at April 30, 2013, was \$212,500.

The City acquired a piece of land from Quincy University in May 2005 for use as the Firefighters Regional Training Center. The City also received a lease agreement for the use of land at the site from the University for \$1 per year for 20 years. The land was valued at \$250,000 and the lease was valued at \$250,000. The City has an economic development loan due from the University for \$500,000 that was converted to the Firefighters Regional Training Center. The \$500,000 is to be repaid in 7 annual payments of \$50,000 at 0% interest with a balloon payment of \$150,000. The balance outstanding at April 30, 2013, was \$250,000.

On November 18, 2012, the City entered into a loan agreement with Bank of Springfield in the amount of \$180,000 for the purchase of an airport hangar. This agreement calls for 23 monthly payments of \$7,664.96 each with an irregular last payment of \$7,664.97 at a fixed interest rate of 2.1%. The balance outstanding at April 30, 2013, was \$53,250.

Notes Payable - Bank (Concluded)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding loans as of April 30, 2013, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending				
April 30	F	Principal	nterest	Total
2014	\$	166,264	\$ 10,242	\$ 176,506
2015		170,807	4,874	175,681
2016		93,528	761	94,289
2017		12,500	-	12,500
2018		12,500	-	12,500
2019-2023		62,500	-	62,500
2024-2028		62,500	-	62,500
2029-2030		25,000		 25,000
	\$	605,599	\$ 15,877	\$ 621,476
			_	_

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending April 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Total
2014	\$	103,250	\$	369	\$ 103,619
2015		50,000		-	50,000
2016		150,000		-	150,000
2017		-		-	-
2018		-		-	-
2019-2023		-		-	-
2024-2028		-		-	-
2029-2030				-	-
	\$	303,250	\$	369	\$ 303,619
Total Notes Payable	\$	908,849	\$	16,246	\$ 925,095

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation pay, sick pay and compensatory time are accrued as the liability is incurred. The amount of the liability is determined by calculating each employee's accumulated number of vacation, sick leave and/or compensatory hours at their rate of pay on April 30, 2013.

A summary of the liability for compensated absences by function at April 30, 2013, follows:

		Sick Leave	,	Vacation	Comp Time	Total	Current Portion
Governmental activitie	es:					 	
General government	\$	105,791	\$	66,057	\$ -	\$ 171,848	\$ 69,760
Public safety		1,385,505		598,127	457,329	2,440,961	1,186,225
Public works		330,680		144,847	48,346	523,873	199,575
Engineering services		47,196		33,264	-	80,460	39,102
Community developmen	nt	26,355		10,819	-	37,174	11,798
	\$	1,895,527	\$	853,114	\$ 505,675	\$ 3,254,316	\$ 1,506,460
Business-type activitie	es:						
Water	\$	259,827	\$	106,852	\$ -	\$ 366,679	\$ 110,675
Sewer		73,597		35,400	-	108,997	36,340
Airport		29,262		8,305	-	37,567	8,720
Other		5,196		2,187	-	7,383	2,187
	\$	367,882	\$	152,744	\$ -	\$ 520,626	\$ 157,922
Total Compensated							
Absences	\$	2,263,409	\$	1,005,858	\$ 505,675	\$ 3,774,942	\$ 1,664,382

Other Non-current Liabilities

As stated above, the City issued General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bonds in the amount of \$6,596,818.30 with a compounded accreted value of \$7,290,000. The Compounded Accreted Value will accrue from the date of delivery and compound on June 1 and December 1 each year at the per annum rate. The accumulated accretion on these bonds at April 30, 2013, is \$279,949.

Accrued interest on bonds is comprised of the following:

	ı	Accrued Interest il 30, 2013
\$ 23,719	\$	7,906
22,108		14,738
 144,306		96,205
\$ 190,133	\$	118,849
Pay	22,108 144,306	Next Interest Payment Due Apr

Other Non-current Liabilities (Concluded)

On May 13, 1996, a consent order judgment was entered against the City and other co-defendants in a lawsuit brought by the State of Illinois Environmental Protection Agency resulting from the City's Landfill #5. State and federal laws and regulations require the City to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years. \$2,553,000 has been accrued as a landfill post-closure liability at April 30, 2013, representing the estimated remaining current cost of all post-closure care. However, due to changes in technology, laws or regulations, these costs may change in the future.

Deferred property taxes are explained below in Note 6.

The City currently maintains three defined benefit pension plans for its employees as explained later in these notes to financial statements. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as amended by GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, the City is required to report a liability if the City did not make contributions equal to or more than the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) as calculated by the actuary. For the year ended April 30, 2013, the City had accumulated a liability of \$447,819.

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the City is required to account for a liability for postemployment benefits owed to retirees and beneficiaries. While the City does not pay for continued health insurance coverage, they do allow retirees and beneficiaries to remain on the City's health plan. This creates an implicit rate subsidy because typically the costs for medical insurance for retirees are higher than for active employees. The City is required to report a liability if the City did not make contributions equal to or more than the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) as calculated by the actuary. For the year ended April 30, 2013, the City had accumulated a liability of \$290,998.

6) Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied prior to December 31 on the equalized assessed value as of the prior January 1 for all real estate located within the City. Equalized assessed value is equal to one-third of the appraised fair value of the real estate, less applicable exemptions authorized by the City Council and/or the State of Illinois.

Taxes are payable in two installments on July 1 and September 1 of the year following the levy (July 1 and September 1, 2012 for the 2011 levy). An asset for property taxes receivable is recorded when an unenforceable legal claim arises. At that point, the City has an enforceable legal claim, even though actual payment is not required until a later date. Property taxes of \$1,596,465 in the Governmental activities and \$3,293,190 in the Pension Trust funds, levied for 2012, have been recorded as unearned income because they are generally not available to pay liabilities of the current period. Such unearned revenues are budgeted and recognized in the year of collection. Current tax collections for the year ended April 30, 2013, were 100% of the 2011 tax levy.

7) Pension Plans

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Description

The City of Quincy's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy

As set by statute, the employer regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual contribution rate for calendar 2012 was 12.77 percent. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefit rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2013, the City's actual contributions for pension cost for the regular plan was \$1,377,239. Its required contribution for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2013 was \$1,386,617.

Trend Information

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage		Net
Year	Pension	of APC	F	Pension
Ended	Cost (APC)	Contributed	0	bligation
4/30/2013	\$ 1,386,617	99%	\$	447,819
4/30/2012	1,217,565	92%		438,441
4/30/2011	1,192,845	80%		342,418

The required contribution for FY2013 was determined as part of the December 31, 2010 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2010, included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.0% per year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10.0% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the employer regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of the assets. The employer regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2010 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

7) Pension Plans (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) (Concluded)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 78.57 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$38,591,095 and the actuarial value of assets was \$30,320,667, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$8,270,428. The covered payroll for calendar year 2012 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,577,469 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 78 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Police and Firefighter's Pension Funds

The City of Quincy contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans: Police Pension Fund and Firefighter's Pension Fund. Each plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 40 of the Illinois State Statutes assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Illinois General Assembly. Each plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for that plan. Those reports may be obtained by writing or calling the City of Quincy, 730 Maine Street, Quincy, Illinois, 62301, (217) 228-4517.

The most recent actuary for both the Police and Firefighter's Pension plans was completed as of April 30, 2012.

Police Pension Plan

Covered employees are currently required to contribute 9.91 percent of their regular salary to the Police Pension Plan. The member rate is determined by State Statute. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined amount. The City's contribution is funded by property taxes and must be equal to the sum of: (a) the normal cost of the pension fund for the year involved, plus (b) the amount sufficient to bring the total assets of the pension fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the pension fund by the end of fiscal year 2040. Administrative costs are funded by investment earnings. Contributions and benefits are recognized when due and payable. Refunds are recognized as paid.

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) for the plan for the year ended April 30, 2013 were as follows:

Police Pension:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation(asset)	\$ 1,692,088 (56,475)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	31,394
Annual pension cost	\$ 1,667,007
Contributions made	 (1,673,930)
Decrease in net pension obligation	\$ (6,923)
Net pension obligation (asset), beginning of year	(753,006)
Net pension obligation (asset), end of year	\$ (759,929)

7) Pension Plans (Continued)

Police and Firefighter's Pension Funds (Continued)

The annual required contribution for the year ended April 30, 2013, was determined as part of the April 30, 2012 actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit method. The actuarial assumptions at April 30, 2012, included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 6.0% per year, and (c) additional cost-of-living increases of 3.0% per year. The actuarial value of the Police Pension Plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The Police Pension Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at the April 30, 2012, valuation was 29 years.

As of April 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Police Pension Plan was 59.0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$51,797,508 and the actuarial value of assets was \$30,546,174, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$21,251,334. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,577,057 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 464.3 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

,	Trend Information					
	Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost	Total Employer Contribution	% of Annual Pension Cost Contributed		et Pension Obligation (Asset)
	2013	\$ 1,667,007	\$1,673,930	100.4%	\$	(759,929)
	2012	1,628,652	1,883,702	115.7%		(753,006)
	2011	1,693,857	1,721,099	101.6%		(497,956)

At April 30, 2012, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	67
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active vested plan members	74
Total members	142

Firefighters' Pension Plan

Covered employees are currently required to contribute 9.455 percent of their regular salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. The member rate is determined by State Statute. The City's contribution is funded by property taxes and must be equal to the sum of: (a) the normal cost of the pension fund for the year involved, plus (b) the amount sufficient to bring the total assets of the pension fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the pension fund by the end of fiscal year 2040. Administrative costs are funded by investment earnings. Contributions and benefits are recognized when due and payable. Refunds are recognized as paid.

7) Pension Plans (Concluded)

Police and Firefighter's Pension Funds (Concluded)

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) for the plan for the year ended April 30, 2013 were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 2,256,158
Interest on net pension obligation(asset)	(93,290)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	51,858
Annual pension cost	\$ 2,214,726
Contributions made	(2,375,224)
Decrease in net pension obligation	\$ (160,498)
Net pension obligation (asset), beginning of year	(1,243,867)
Net pension obligation (asset), end of year	\$ (1,404,365)

The annual required contribution for the year ended April 30, 2013, was determined as part of the April 30, 2012 actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit method. The actuarial assumptions at April 30, 2012, included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 6.0% per year, and (c) additional cost-of-living increases of 3.0% per year. The actuarial value of the Firefighters' Pension Plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The Firefighters' Pension Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at the April 30, 2012, valuation was 29 years.

As of April 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Firefighters' Pension Plan was 42.2 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$56,674,993 and the actuarial value of assets was \$23,941,801, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$32,733,192. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,800,199 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 861.4 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Trand Information

rrend information					
Annual	Total	% of Annual	Net Pension		
Pension Cost	Employer Contribution	Pension Cost Contributed	Obligation (Asset)		
\$ 2,214,726	\$ 2,375,224	107.2%	\$ (1,404,365)		
2,155,996	2,470,264	114.6%	(1,243,867)		
2,302,958	2,347,384	101.9%	(929,599)		
	Pension Cost \$ 2,214,726 2,155,996	Annual Total Pension Employer Cost Contribution \$ 2,214,726 2,155,996 2,470,264	Pension Cost Employer Contribution Pension Cost Contributed \$ 2,214,726 \$ 2,375,224 107.2% 2,155,996 2,470,264 114.6%		

At April 30, 2012, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	64
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active vested plan members	85
Total members	149

8) Health Insurance Plan for Retired Employees

The City of Quincy provides limited health care insurance coverage for its eligible retired employees. Retirees are provided the opportunity to remain on the City's health care plan with the retiree being responsible for the premium. While the City does not pay for continued health insurance coverage, this creates an implicit rate subsidy because typically the costs for medical insurance for retirees are higher than for active employees. The City also pays the premiums for eligible disabled pensioners.

Covered employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The City is also not required to contribute to the Plan. The City's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the plan for the year ended April 30, 2013 were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 347,192
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual pension cost	\$ 347,192
Contributions made	(205,932)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 141,260
Net OPEB obligation. beginning of year	149,738
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 290,998

The annual required contribution for the year ended April 30, 2013, was determined as part of the April 30, 2012 actuarial valuation using the Entry Age Normal Cost method. The actuarial assumptions at April 30, 2012, included (a) 4.0% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.0% per year, (c) health care inflation rate of 8.0% initial and 6.0% ultimate, and (d) 30% of active employees assumed to elect benefit. The actuarial value of the Plan assets was determined using market techniques. The Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at the April 30, 2012, valuation was 30 years.

As of April 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 0.0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$6,052,208 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$6,052,208. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$19,419,222 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 31.2 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

I rend Information						
Fiscal	Annual	Total	% of Annual			
Year	OPEB	Contributions	OPEB Cost	N	let OPEB	
Ended	Cost	Made	Contributed	C	Obligation	
2013	\$ 347,19	2 \$ 205,932	59.3%	\$	290,998	
2012	355,67	0 205,932	57.9%		149,738	
2011			0.0%		-	

8) Health Insurance Plan for Retired Employees (Concluded)

At April 30, 2012, the Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	29
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active vested plan members	248
Active nonvested plan members	129
Total members	406

9) Individual Fund Disclosures

For the year ended April 30, 2013, no major funds, for which budgets were adopted, had an excess of expenditures over budgeted amounts.

10) Self Insurance Funds

The City has initiated a self-insured retention program (SIR) within the Internal Revenue Service Fund Type in order to satisfy potential claims. The City is self-insured with excess coverage in these areas: (a) Liabilities, Worker's Compensation and Property Damage (Self-Insurance Fund); (b) Health Insurance (Health Insurance Fund); and (c) State Unemployment Compensation (Unemployment Compensation Fund). A description and supplementary information for these funds are as follows:

Health Insurance

The City is self-insured for health insurance through a plan administered by Private Health Care Systems. Premiums are recorded as an expense in the paying fund and as income in the internal service fund. Premiums collected from employees are also recorded as income in the internal service fund. Expenditures for health care claims are treated as expenses in the internal service fund.

Unemployment Compensation

The City makes payments to the State of Illinois unemployment compensation fund on a reimbursement basis in lieu of paying an unemployment tax. The Unemployment Compensation Fund was established to collect reimbursements from other funds based on the respective claims made.

Liabilities, Worker's Compensation and Property Damage

The City participates in the Municipal Insurance Cooperative Association (MICA) for excess coverage of liability and property damage claims. The City pays an annual premium to MICA, which includes its share of excess coverage premium costs, administrative fees and contributions to the joint loss fund from which each individual city's claims are paid. The City's annual premium for the year ended April 30, 2013, was \$1,248,981. Limits of liability are as follows:

Risk Le	evel		Insurance Coverage
 City	Lo	oss Fund	Limits
\$ 1,000	\$	150,000	\$ 52,500,000
\$ 1,000	\$	200,000	\$ 9,000,000
N/A	\$	500,000	Statutory limits
\$ 1,000	\$	50,000	\$ 1,000,000
\$	\$ 1,000 \$ 1,000 N/A	\$ 1,000 \$ \$ 1,000 \$ N/A \$	City Loss Fund \$ 1,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 1,000 \$ 200,000 N/A \$ 500,000

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11) Internal Balances

Interfund transfers during the year ended April 30, 2013, were as follows:

		ransfers In		Transfers Out
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$	352,112	\$	6,307,164
State and Federal Grants Fund		-		315,001
Quincy Transit Lines		268,452		-
Capital Projects Fund		2,076,706		760,130
Other governmental funds		1,328,273		813,620
	\$	4,025,543	\$	8,195,915
Water Department	\$	291,000	\$	58,292
Sewer Department		59,000		53,812
Quincy Regional Airport		309,000		-
Regional Training Facility		137,960		-
Other enterprise funds				100,000
	\$	796,960	\$	212,104
Central Garage	\$	344,386	\$	_
Central Services	Ψ	2,746,000	Ψ	-
Vehicle Replacement		490,130		-
толиото тторишовители	\$	3,580,516	\$	-
Private Purpose Trust Funds:		· · · · · ·		
Sister City Commission	\$	5,000	\$	-
	\$	5,000	\$	-
	\$	8,408,019	\$	8,408,019
	<u> </u>	-,,	<u> </u>	2, 122, 2.0

Interfund receivables and payables at April 30, 2013, were as follows:

	Due from							
	Neig	ghborhood						
Due to	Sta	Stabilization Total						
HUD Grant Fund	\$	125,982	\$	125,982				
Total	\$	125,982	\$	125,982				

The HUD Grant fund incurred expenses relating to a housing grant that has yet to be received. Therefore, the Neighborhood Stabilization fund was used to supplement these expenses until the grant money is received from the state. The decrease in the interfund balances for the year ended April 30, 2013, was \$19,448.

12) Contingent Liabilities

The City receives State and Federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the respective funding agencies. Such audit could result in a request for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of City Management, such disallowance, if any, will not be significant.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. In the opinion of City management, after consultation with legal counsel, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not materially affect the City's financial position.

13) Segment Information Disclosure

The City maintains five Enterprise funds. The Water Department and Sewer Department provide water and wastewater treatment services, respectively, to residents of the City. The Municipal Airport fund provides for the operations and maintenance of the Quincy Municipal Airport and Baldwin Field. The Regional Training Facility fund accounts for the operation of the City's firefighter training center. The Municipal Dock Fund accounts for the operation of the City's river dock.

Key financial information as of and for the year ended April 30, 2013 for these funds is as follows:

	Matan			Regional	Other	
	Water	•		Training	Enterprise	
	Department	Department	Airport	Facility	Funds	Total
Operating revenues	\$ 6,286,431	\$ 4,601,801	\$ 416,620	\$ 35,606	\$ 147,358	\$11,487,816
Operating expenses						
(excluding depreciation)	4,613,571	3,413,683	612,535	16,919	48,490	8,705,198
Depreciation	708,773	1,473,752	634,083	34,657	20,737	2,872,002
Operating income	\$ 964,087	\$ (285,634)	\$ (829,998)	\$ (15,970)	\$ 78,131	\$ (89,384)
Non-operating revenues/						
(expenses)	42,439	28,774	(761)	1,483	1,125	73,060
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers	232,708	5,188	309,000	137,960	(100,000)	584,856
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,239,234	\$ (251,672)	\$ (521,759)	\$ 123,473	\$ (20,744)	\$ 568,532
Capital asset additions	\$ (969,737)	\$ (1,357,768)	\$ -	\$(135,926)	\$ -	\$ (2,463,431)
Net working capital	\$ 7,729,496	\$ 5,384,259	\$ 176,669	\$ (56,552)	\$ 144,659	\$13,378,531
Total assets	\$24,659,280	\$40,624,257	\$14,502,210	\$ 900,439	\$ 330,745	\$81,016,931
Notes payable from						
operating revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,250	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ 303,250
Tatal amilia	\$00.504.574	# 40 40 4 000	#44.005.007	# 000 040	Ф 004 5 4 5	# 70 070 005
Total equity	\$23,591,574	\$40,134,069	\$14,395,067	\$ 628,040	\$ 321,515	\$79,070,265

14) Deferred Compensation

Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans are administered by AIG Valic and Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. The plans, available to all full-time City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. City employees deferred \$714,391 into the plans for the year ended April 30, 2013.

15) Economic Development Loans Receivable

The City, through the Community Development Commission, makes economic development loans to qualified businesses. The loans are financed through funds received from Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) and an Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG). The Commission monitors the provisions of the grant agreements and the revolving loan programs. A summary of loans outstanding at April 30, 2013, follows:

		Loans			
	0	Outstanding			
Revolving Loan Fund	\$	1,742,178			
CDBG Revolving Loan Fund		1,091,909			
Business and Housing Loans		802,916			
Energy Grant Loans		19,817			
Total	\$	3,656,820			

The City has contracted with Two Rivers Regional Council of Public Officials to administer the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Rental Rehabilitation Loan program. The ten-year loans are made to landlords for improvements to qualifying properties. At the end of each year, 10% of the loan is forgiven if all requirements of the program are being met. Due to the nature of the loans (no repayment if all requirements are met), the amount outstanding at April 30, 2013, is not recorded in these financial statements.

16) Leases (As Lessor)

The City receives rental income from various lease agreements. Following are the largest lease agreements, with the remaining agreements being immaterial to the financial statements:

The City leases a portion of the City Hall Annex located at 706 Maine Street for use as a financial institution. The lease, dated March 12, 1992, had an original term of four years, with an option of renewal for four consecutive four-year terms. For the year ended April 30, 2013, the City received rental income for the property in the amount of \$43,885.

On April 1, 2008, the City renewed a lease with Abbott Supply, LLC for the property located at 1016 Vermont. This lease expired on March 31, 2011 and a new lease agreement was executed as of April 1, 2011. For the year ended April 30, 2013, the City received rental income in the amount of \$24,176.

The City also leases ground for communication services. This lease, dated October 21, 2002, had an original term of five years beginning no later than March 1, 2003 and renewing in four successive five-year periods thereafter. The City received \$12,452 in rental income from this property for the year ended April 30, 2013.

17) Leases (as Lessee)

The City entered into a lease agreement with the Ruth M. Waterkotte Revocable Trust for use of property used as a parking lot for the Amtrak Station. The lease is dated November 1, 2008 and ends October 31, 2013 with the option to renew for three successive renewals of five years each. The lease calls for monthly payments of \$1,585 each for the initial term of the lease with adjustments to be made with each subsequent renewal. The future minimum rentals are as follows:

Year	
Ending	
April 30	Total
2014	\$ 9,510
	\$ 9,510

18) Conduit Debt

From time-to-time, the City has issued industrial revenue bonds on behalf of private sector and nonprofit entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property and revenues of those entities, and are payable solely from the resources of those entities. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the financial statements.

19) Commitments and Contingencies

Effective September 10, 2010, the City entered into a management agreement with Environmental Management Corporation (EMC) for the management of the City's wastewater facilities. This agreement has a period of five years commencing March 1, 2010 and continuing until February 28, 2015. Under this agreement, EMC will manage the wastewater facilities so that the effluent discharge meets or exceeds wastewater effluent requirements established by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). EMC shall also manage the biosolids and lime sludge disposal program consistent with USEPA and IEPA land application requirements. The EMC Facility Manager and the Pretreatment Coordinator shall be EMC employees and EMC will be responsible for all payroll expense for such employees. All other employees supervised by these EMC employees will remain City employees and the City is responsible for the payroll expenses of those remaining employees. EMC will limit overtime expenditure for these City employees in agreed upon amounts with EMC being responsible for any overtime costs exceeding these limits. The City retains ownership of the wastewater facilities and equipment and is responsible for the cost of repairing and replacing the facilities and equipment and any required capital improvements. EMC will invoice the City monthly for all costs according to the fee schedule, which varies according to volume of sludge disposal, and any reimbursable costs that are the City's responsibility. For the vear ended April 30, 2013, the City incurred costs of \$970,798 related to this agreement. The following table depicts the future minimum fees under this agreement:

Year Ending	
April 30	Total
2014	\$ 448,772
2015	381,735
	\$ 830,507

On August 18, 2006, the City applied to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) for preliminary permits for the Lock and Dam Numbers 20, 21 and 22. In December 2009, on advice of financial consultants, the City organized Mississippi River No. 21 Hydropower Company, an Illinois for profit corporation as a way to qualify the Lock and Dam 21 project for the ARRA Section 1603 grant, which provides a 30% grant funding. On February 17, 2011, a FERC hearing officer issued an order dismissing the City's LLC License application stating that the City had violated Section 7(a) of the Federal Power Act Municipal Preference Provision by forming a for profit corporation, a non-municipal entity, to help fund the hydropower project. The City requested a hearing on the dismissal order. Subsequently, FERC conducted a hearing and concurred with the hearing officer and dismissed the license application barring the City of Quincy, Great River Hydropower, LLC and Mississippi River No. 21 Hydropower Company from filing for preliminary permits or development applications for the Mississippi River Lock and Dam No. 21 for one year.

To date, the City of Quincy and its subsidiaries have incurred costs of \$5,241,521 on this project with the majority of the funding provided by a general obligation bond and a grant from the Department of Energy. As of April 30, 2012, \$5,143,481 of the total costs was shown as Construction in Progress and included with the capital assets on the Statement of Net Position. The City has reviewed its options regarding licensure at Lock and Dams 24 and 25 and the possibility of selling the previous studies done at Lock and Dam 21 to a subsequent developer. As the possibility of selling this asset is remote and as it is not likely the project will be pursued further, this construction in progress asset has been permanently impaired. Therefore, the \$5,143,481 has been removed from the capital assets. This impairment is separately shown on the Statement of Activities as it is a special or extraordinary item.

20) Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 22, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

21) Recently Issued Pronouncements

For the year ended April 30, 2013, the City implemented the following relevant standards:

Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: (1) Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations; (2) Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and (3) Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure.

<u>Statement No. 63</u>, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. It alleviates uncertainty about reporting those financial statement elements by providing guidance where none previously existed. This Statement amends Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Government and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows and inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets.

<u>Statement No. 65</u>, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

As of April 30, 2013, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements not yet implemented by the City. The statements which might impact the City are as follows:

<u>Statement No. 61</u>, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending April 30, 2014. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements.

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No, 27, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending April 30, 2016. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency.

Management has not yet completed its evaluation of the impact, if any, of the provisions of these statements on its financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary comparison schedules are presented as Required Supplementary information (RSI) for the general fund and each major special revenue and capital projects fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary schedules present the final amended budget for the reporting period as well as actual inflows, outflows and balances stated on the government's budgetary (cash) basis. A separate column reports the variance between the final budget and actual amounts.

The Schedules of Funding Progress for each of the City's defined benefit pension plans present information used to consistently measure the City's funded status over a ten-year period.

		Budgeted Original	d Amo	ounts Final	(Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Budgetary fund balance, May 1, 2012	\$	3,227,756	\$	3,227,756	\$	3,227,756	\$	-
Resources (inflows):		, ,	·	, ,	·	, ,	·	
Property taxes		50,000		50,000		49,852		(148)
Franchise taxes		400,000		400,000		389,209		(10,791)
Charges for services		976,725		976,725		958,762		(17,963)
Fines and forfeitures		473,050		473,050		438,714		(34,336)
Intergovernmental		22,928,344		23,137,110		24,037,601		900,491
Grants and contributions		114,900		114,900		130,264		15,364
Investment earnings		24,160		24,160		20,908		(3,252)
Miscellaneous		98,408		98,408		94,715		(3,693)
Sale of assets		45,000		45,000		19,463		(25,537)
Cost share transfers, net		541,000		541,000		557,638		16,638
Operating transfers in		351,611		351,611		352,112		501
Amounts available for Appropriation	\$	29,230,954	\$	29,439,720	\$	30,276,994	\$	837,274
Charges to appropriations (outflows)								
General Government	•	000 100	•	004.000	•	000 700	•	
Aldermen	\$	220,189	\$	234,336	\$	228,782	\$	5,554
Mayor		324,548		324,548		299,978		24,570
City Treasurer		265,948		265,948		245,297		20,651
City Clerk		178,255		178,255		163,577		14,678
Director of Administration		130,041		130,441		129,594		847
Purchasing		68,051		68,051		66,336		1,715
Building Maintenance		388,811		388,411		280,272		108,139
Comptroller		375,691		375,691		350,116		25,575
Legal Department		290,638		290,638		286,897		3,741
Boards and Commissions		75,770		75,770		63,493		12,277
Information Technology		644,682		644,682		639,582		5,100
Public Safety Police Department		8,773,909		8,777,199		8,421,843		355,356
Fire Department		6,274,672		6,265,081		6,089,982		175,099
Public Works		1,373,347		1,429,797		1,328,797		101,000
Engineering Services		756,281		765,316		739,101		26,215
Health and sanitation		127,636		135,701		132,686		3,015
Community development		853,100		849,100		655,548		193,552
Culture and recreation		60,719		65,119		45,765		19,354
Cemetery		156,100		160,100		160,100		10,004
Nondepartmental		100,100		100,100		100,100		
Operating transfers out		6,288,333		6,566,920		6,307,164		259,756
Total Charges to Appropriations	\$	27,626,721	\$	27,991,104	\$	26,634,910	\$	1,356,194
Budgetary Balance, April 30, 2013	\$	1,604,233	\$	1,448,616	\$	3,642,084	\$	2,193,468

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary fund balance,		Original		ı ıııaı		Dasisj		(Negative)
May 1, 2012	\$	397,615	\$	397,615	\$	397,615	\$	-
Resources (inflows):								
Grants and contributions		4,001,755		4,153,635		1,356,694		(2,796,941)
Investment earnings		1,000		1,000		397		(603)
Amounts available for Appropriation	\$	4,400,370	\$	4,552,250	\$	1,754,706	\$	(2,797,544)
Charges to appropriations (outflows)								
Community development	\$	3,962,093	\$	3,962,093	\$	1,285,396	\$	2,676,697
Nondepartmental Operating transfers out		_		291,000		291,000		_
	Ф.	2 062 002	•		•		Ф.	2 676 607
Total Charges to Appropriations	\$	3,962,093	\$	4,253,093	\$	1,576,396	\$	2,676,697
Budgetary Balance, April 30, 2013	\$	438,277	\$	299,157	\$	178,310	\$	(120,847)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Quincy Transit Lines Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

Dudgeten fund belene	Budgeted Original	Amou	unts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis)	Fir	iance with aal Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary fund balance, May 1, 2012	\$ 238,511	\$	238,511	\$ 238,511	\$	-
Resources (inflows): Charges for services Grants and contributions Investment earnings Cost share transfers, net Operating transfers in	106,500 3,107,206 2,000 (165,000) 268,452		106,500 3,107,206 2,000 (165,000) 268,452	90,374 2,920,356 611 (164,315) 268,452		(16,126) (186,850) (1,389) 685
Amounts available for Appropriation	\$ 3,557,669	\$	3,557,669	\$ 3,353,989	\$	(203,680)
Charges to appropriations (outflows) Public Works Capital outlay Total Charges to Appropriations	\$ 3,284,158 80,000 3,364,158	\$	3,288,158 76,000 3,364,158	\$ 2,995,918 40,156 3,036,074	\$	292,240 35,844 328,084
Budgetary Balance, April 30, 2013	\$ 193,511	\$	193,511	\$ 317,915	\$	124,404

	Budgeted	Amoı		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	 Basis)	(Negative)
Budgetary fund balance, May 1, 2012	\$ 1,037,447	\$	1,037,447	\$ 1,037,447	\$	-
Resources (inflows): Grants and contributions Miscellaneous Investment earnings Operating transfers in	5,000 2,129,896		105,751 - 5,000 2,129,896	128,357 62,085 6,516 2,076,706		22,606 62,085 1,516 (53,190)
Amounts available for Appropriation	\$ 3,172,343	\$	3,278,094	\$ 3,311,111	\$	33,017
Charges to appropriations (outflows)						
General government Public Safety Public Works Community development Health and sanitation Loan/Lease payments Nondepartmental Operating transfers out	\$ 60,000 176,812 1,911,231 71,250 45,270 175,682	\$	60,000 176,812 1,948,948 131,250 45,270 175,682	\$ 176,714 1,046,772 99,642 - 175,681	\$	60,000 98 902,176 31,608 45,270 1
Total Charges to Appropriations	\$ 3,180,375	\$	3,278,092	\$ 2,238,939	\$	1,039,153
Budgetary Balance, April 30, 2013	\$ (8,032)	\$	2	\$ 1,072,172	\$	1,072,170

	Budgeted	l Amou	nts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Basis)	(N	legative)
Budgetary fund balance, May 1, 2012	\$ 136,936	\$	136,936	\$ 136,936	\$	-
Resources (inflows): Bond proceeds Investment earnings Operating transfers in	- 1,000 227,084		1,000 227,084	825,000 942 227,083		825,000 (58) (1)
Amounts available for Appropriation	\$ 365,020	\$	365,020	\$ 1,189,961	\$	824,941
Charges to appropriations (outflows) General Government						
Purchased services Bond payments	\$ 1,000 227,469	\$	4,825 227,469	\$ 4,825 227,469	\$	- -
Total Charges to Appropriations	\$ 228,469	\$	232,294	\$ 232,294	\$	-
Budgetary Balance, April 30, 2013	\$ 136,551	\$	132,726	\$ 957,667	\$	824,941

	General Fund	State and deral Grants Fund	Quincy Transit Lines		Capital Projects Fund		1996 GO Bond	
Sources/Inflows of Resources	 							
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 30,276,994	\$ 1,754,706	\$	3,353,989	\$	3,311,111	\$	1,189,961
Differences - Budget to GAAP:								
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current-year revenue for financial reporting purposes.	(3,227,756)	(397,615)		(238,511)		(1,037,447)		(136,936)
Revenues in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In the budgetary comparison schedule, revenues are reported when received.	80,156	288,836		-		38,502		(227,082)
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.	(929,213)	<u>-</u>		(104,137)		(2,076,706)		(825,000)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	\$ 26,200,181	\$ 1,645,927	\$	3,011,341	\$	235,460	\$	943
Uses/Outflows of Resources								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 26,634,910	\$ 1,576,396	\$	3,036,074	\$	2,238,939	\$	232,294
Differences - Budget to GAAP:								
Expenditures in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In the budgetary comparison schedule, expenses are reported when the liability is paid.	54,214	318,674		9,915		(56,887)		-
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.	(6,307,164)	(291,000)				(740,130)		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	\$ 20,381,960	\$ 1,604,070	\$	3,045,989	\$	1,441,922	\$	232,294

Quincy Firefighters' Pension Fund

Actuarial		Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
Valuation Date	Value of Assets (a)	Liability (b)	Liability (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((b-a)/c)
4/30/2012	\$ 23,941,801	\$ 56,674,993	\$ 32,733,192	42.2%	\$ 3,800,199	861.4%
4/30/2011	22,675,748	54,898,220	32,222,472	41.3%	3,764,337	856.0%
4/30/2010	21,946,266	51,510,483	29,564,217	42.6%	3,770,411	784.1%
4/30/2009	22,097,645	47,167,100	25,069,455	46.8%	3,796,581	660.3%
4/30/2008	22,343,577	44,079,359	21,735,782	50.7%	3,477,122	625.1%
4/30/2007	21,907,527	42,606,754	20,699,227	51.4%	3,356,113	616.8%
4/30/2006	20,920,010	41,209,642	20,289,632	50.8%	3,130,378	648.2%
4/30/2005	21,687,482	39,411,382	17,723,900	55.0%	2,946,259	601.6%
4/30/2004	21,561,714	33,393,906	11,832,192	64.6%	2,998,820	394.6%
4/30/2003	21,042,415	32,071,665	11,029,250	65.6%	2,953,169	373.5%
4/30/2002	20,681,777	30,172,432	9,490,655	68.5%	2,839,442	334.2%
4/30/2001	20,001,048	28,844,908	8,843,860	69.3%	2,718,887	325.3%
4/30/2000	19,298,970	28,053,326	8,754,356	68.8%	2,592,700	337.7%
4/30/1999	18,634,414	26,728,319	8,093,905	69.7%	2,632,504	307.5%
4/30/1998	18,981,778	24,481,646	5,499,868	77.5%	2,425,562	226.7%
4/30/1997	18,095,000	23,407,000	5,312,000	77.3%	2,402,000	221.1%

Police Pension Fund

Actuarial		Unfunded Actuarial Actuarial Accrued Accrued		Funded	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered	
Valuation Date	Value of Assets (a)	Liability (b)	Liability (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((b-a)/c)
4/30/2012	\$ 30,546,174	\$ 51,797,508	\$ 21,251,334	59.0%	\$ 4,577,057	464.3%
4/30/2011	28,665,007	49,345,302	20,680,295	58.1%	4,612,594	448.3%
4/30/2010	27,454,875	46,370,363	18,915,488	59.2%	4,610,924	410.2%
4/30/2009	26,545,765	42,792,496	16,246,731	62.0%	4,397,805	369.4%
4/30/2008	26,074,414	39,877,551	13,803,137	65.4%	4,305,958	320.6%
4/30/2007	25,196,517	38,307,988	13,111,471	65.8%	4,019,943	326.2%
4/30/2006	23,431,815	40,117,451	16,685,636	58.4%	3,962,781	421.1%
4/30/2005	23,934,248	32,849,396	8,915,148	72.9%	3,807,590	234.1%
4/30/2004	23,384,858	31,163,120	7,778,262	75.0%	3,552,802	218.9%
4/30/2003	22,522,479	29,788,213	7,265,734	75.6%	3,400,092	213.7%
4/30/2002	21,543,006	27,465,593	5,922,587	78.4%	3,078,845	192.4%
4/30/2001	20,612,084	26,377,562	5,765,478	78.1%	3,119,609	184.8%
4/30/2000	19,674,399	25,060,503	5,386,104	78.5%	3,112,655	173.0%
4/30/1999	18,957,528	22,792,842	3,835,314	83.2%	2,932,646	130.8%
4/30/1998	18,809,091	22,015,798	3,206,707	85.4%	2,758,685	116.2%
4/30/1997	17,611,000	20,615,000	3,004,000	85.4%	2,642,000	113.7%

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Acti	uarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
Valuation Date	Value of Assets (a)	Liability (b)	Liability (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/2012	\$ 30,320,667	\$ 38,591,095	\$ 8,270,428	78.6%	\$ 10,577,469	78.19%
12/31/2011	28,560,122	37,428,045	8,867,923	76.3%	10,486,364	84.57%
12/31/2010	27,551,010	35,975,434	8,424,424	76.6%	10,714,480	78.63%
12/31/2009	28,979,388	34,127,320	5,147,932	84.9%	11,777,156	43.71%
12/31/2008	30,565,202	37,102,930	6,537,728	82.4%	11,282,614	57.95%
12/31/2007	35,034,273	34,522,869	(511,404)	101.5%	10,784,024	0.00%
12/31/2006	31,564,241	31,805,329	241,088	99.2%	10,309,923	2.34%
12/31/2005	28,027,491	28,680,812	653,321	97.7%	9,842,194	6.64%
12/31/2004	25,202,766	26,813,708	1,610,942	94.0%	9,580,161	16.82%
12/31/2003	23,980,791	25,391,392	1,410,601	94.4%	9,232,424	15.28%
12/31/2002	27,549,867	26,406,458	(1,143,409)	104.3%	9,604,440	0.00%
12/31/2001	30,185,188	25,861,627	(4,323,561)	116.7%	9,653,051	0.00%
12/31/2000	27,542,816	23,273,212	(4,269,604)	118.3%	9,430,132	0.00%
12/31/1999	23,310,235	20,566,204	(2,744,031)	113.3%	9,009,232	0.00%
12/31/1998	18,713,172	19,129,307	416,135	97.8%	8,738,152	4.76%
12/31/1997	18,623,219	18,324,943	(298,276)	101.6%	8,061,487	0.00%
12/31/1996	16,000,648	16,557,495	556,847	96.6%	7,878,379	7.07%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2012 is \$31,605,581. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 81.90%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with City of Quincy. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

Health Insurance Plan for Retired Employees

Actuarial			Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered	
Valuation Date	Val of Ass	lue ets (a)	Liability (b)	Liability (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
4/30/2012	\$	-	\$ 6,052,208	\$ 6,052,208	0.0%	\$ 19,419,222	31.17%	
4/30/2011		-	-	-	0.0%	-	0.00%	
4/30/2010		-	-	-	0.0%	-	0.00%	

	 Quincy Public Library	-	Woodland Cemetery	 Total Component Units
Assets Cash and cash investments Investments	\$ 861,998 1,228,689	\$	55,470 1,470,260	\$ 917,468 2,698,949
Receivables , net Capital assets, net	 748,317 6,378,956		390,987	748,317 6,769,943
Total Assets	\$ 9,217,960	\$	1,916,717	\$ 11,134,677
Liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Unearned revenue	\$ 18,142 106,739 770,212	\$	811 6,229 -	\$ 18,953 112,968 770,212
Total Liabilities	\$ 895,093	\$	7,040	\$ 902,133
Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	\$ 6,378,956	\$	390,987	\$ 6,769,943
Other purposes Unrestricted	106,509 1,837,402		305,551 1,213,139	412,060 3,050,541
Total Net Position	\$ 8,322,867	\$	1,909,677	\$ 10,232,544

Other Supplementary Information

The Supplementary information which follows are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Quincy, Illinois.

								Special Rev	venu	e Funds						
		911 System	N	Notor Fuel Tax	То	wn Road Tax	Co	Police ntributions	Coi	Fire ntributions	-	ranchise e "Green"		Economic evelopment Loan		CDAP Loan
Assets																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	714,067	\$	2,994,141	\$	68,708	\$	219,068	\$	9,706	\$	85,355	\$	1,359,519	\$	1,088,922
Receivables, net Due from other funds		37,350		33,562		-		-		-		18,750		-		-
Due from other governments		54,362		69,878		_		-		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	805,779	\$	3,097,581	\$	68,708	\$	219,068	\$	9,706	\$	104,105	\$	1,359,519	\$	1,088,922
Liabilities and Fund Balances		_				_				_						
Accounts payable	\$	11,066	\$	7,478	\$	-	\$	3,542	\$	_	\$	14,557	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued expenses	·	25,606	·	, -		-	•	-	·	-		· -	·	-	·	-
Total Liabilities	\$	36,672	\$	7,478	\$	-	\$	3,542	\$	-	\$	14,557	\$		\$	
Fund Balances																
Restricted for:																
Debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Economic development loans		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,359,519		1,088,922
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
911 System		769,107		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Motor fuel tax projects		-		3,090,103		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety projects		-		-		-		215,526		9,706		-		-		-
Other projects Assigned for:		-		-		68,708		-		-		-		-		-
Green projects		_		_				_		_		89,548		_		_
Capital projects funds		-		-		_		_		-		09,546		_		_
	•	700 407	Φ.	2 000 102	_		Φ.	245 520	Ф.	0.700	_	00.540	Φ.	4 250 540	Φ.	4 000 000
Total Fund Balances	\$	769,107	\$	3,090,103	\$	68,708	\$	215,526	\$	9,706	\$	89,548	\$	1,359,519	\$	1,088,922
Total Liabilities and	•						•						•		•	
Fund Balances	\$	805,779	\$	3,097,581	\$	68,708	\$	219,068	\$	9,706	\$	104,105	\$	1,359,519	\$	1,088,922

				Sp	ecial	Revenue Fu	ınds					Capi	ital F	Projects Fur	nds	
		CBD Loan	Nei	ghborhood Rehab Loan		Energy Grant Loan		Tourism Tax	Rev	Total Special /enue Funds	_	anitation onnection		TIF #2		TIF #3
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$	305,903	\$	63,558 - 125,982 -	\$	41,894 - - -	\$	90,445 77,267 -	\$	7,041,286 166,929 125,982 124,240	\$	490,845 1,100 -	\$	582,823 3,175 -	\$	24,889 - - -
Total Assets	\$	305,903	\$	189,540	\$	41,894	\$	167,712	\$	7,458,437	\$	491,945	\$	585,998	\$	24,889
Liabilities and Fund Balances Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,643 25,606	\$	-	\$	3,632	\$	-
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,249	\$	-	\$	3,632	\$	-
Fund Balances Restricted for:	•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•	
Debt service Economic development loans	\$	305,903	\$	- 189,540	\$	- 41,894	\$	-	\$	2,985,778	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Capital projects 911 System		-		-		-		-		- 769,107		491,945 -		582,366 -		24,889 -
Motor fuel tax projects Public safety projects Other projects		-		- - -		- - -		- - 167,712		3,090,103 225,232 236,420		- -		-		-
Assigned for: Green projects Capital projects funds		-		- -		- -		- -		89,548 -		- -		- -		-
Total Fund Balances	\$	305,903	\$	189,540	\$	41,894	\$	167,712	\$	7,396,188	\$	491,945	\$	582,366	\$	24,889
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	305,903	\$	189,540	\$	41,894	\$	167,712	\$	7,458,437	\$	491,945	\$	585,998	\$	24,889

					Capi	tal Pro	oject Funds						
	2009 Hydro Project		2009 OLC oital Projects		C G/O Project	E	Sewer quipment		MEA Cap Reserve		ire Equip provement	Pro	Total Capital jects Funds
Assets					_				_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	• \$	381,505	\$	-	\$	294,335	\$	110,198	\$	138,274	\$	2,022,869
Receivables, net Due from other funds	•	•	-		-		-		-		-		4,275
Due from other governments			-		_		-		_		_		-
Total Assets	\$	\$	381,505	\$	-	\$	294,335	\$	110,198	\$	138,274	\$	2,027,144
Liabilities and Fund Balances													
Accounts payable	\$.	. \$	772	\$	_	\$	59,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	63,404
Accrued expenses			-	*	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-
Total Liabilities	\$	\$	772	\$	-	\$	59,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,404
Fund Balances													
Restricted for:													
Debt service	\$. \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Economic development loans		•	-		-		-		-		-		
Capital projects	•	•	380,733		-		235,335		110,198		-		1,825,466
911 System	•	•	-		-		-		-		-		-
Motor fuel tax projects Public safety projects	•	•	-		-		-		-		-		-
Other projects			-		_		-		_		_		-
Assigned for:													
Green projects		•	-		_		-		_		_		_
Capital projects funds			-		_		-		_		138,274		138,274
Total Fund Balances	\$	\$	380,733	\$	-	\$	235,335	\$	110,198	\$	138,274	\$	1,963,740
Total Liabilities and													
Fund Balances	\$	\$	381,505	\$	-	\$	294,335	\$	110,198	\$	138,274	\$	2,027,144

						Debt Serv	ice Fu	ınds						Total
	2	010 GO Bond	2	005 GO Bond		009 OLC /O Bond	20	09 Library Bond	20	009 Hydro Bond	De	Total bt Service Funds		Non-Major overnmental Funds
Assets	¢	70 405	¢.	20.264	¢.	10 110	ď	145 764	œ	170.050	œ	442 722	¢	0 507 007
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	70,405	\$	29,264	\$	19,449	\$	145,764	\$	178,850	\$	443,732	\$	9,507,887 171,204
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		125,982
Due from other governments		_		_		-		_		_		_		124,240
Total Assets	\$	70,405	\$	29,264	\$	19,449	\$	145,764	\$	178,850	\$	443,732	\$	9,929,313
Liabilities and Fund Balances														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,047
Accrued expenses								-		-				25,606
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$		\$	125,653
Fund Balances														
Restricted for:														
Debt service	\$	70,405	\$	29,264	\$	19,449	\$	145,764	\$	178,850	\$	443,732	\$	443,732
Economic development loans		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,985,778
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,825,466
911 System		-		-		-		-		-		-		769,107
Motor fuel tax projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,090,103
Public safety projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		225,232
Other projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		236,420
Assigned for:														00 = 10
Green projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		89,548
Capital projects funds						<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u>-</u> _	_	138,274
Total Fund Balances	\$	70,405	\$	29,264	\$	19,449	\$	145,764	\$	178,850	\$	443,732	\$	9,803,660
Total Liabilities and	•	70.46-	•	00.05	•	40.4:5	•	4.45 76 :	•	470.055	•	440 757	•	0.000.015
Fund Balances	\$	70,405	\$	29,264	\$	19,449	\$	145,764	\$	178,850	\$	443,732	\$	9,929,313

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

Revenues Property taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$						(Special Re	venu	ie Funds								
Property taxees	D			N			wn Road		Police	Со					evelopment		CDAP Loan
Public service taxes		¢		Ф		Ф	2 216	œ		æ		¢		æ		æ	
Franchise taxes - - 43,622 297,502 - </td <td>• •</td> <td>Ф</td> <td>401 229</td> <td>Φ</td> <td>1 1/12 972</td> <td>Φ</td> <td>3,310</td> <td>Ф</td> <td>-</td> <td>Φ</td> <td>-</td> <td>Φ</td> <td>-</td> <td>Φ</td> <td>-</td> <td>Ф</td> <td>-</td>	• •	Ф	401 229	Φ	1 1/12 972	Φ	3,310	Ф	-	Φ	-	Φ	-	Φ	-	Ф	-
Charges for services			401,320		1,142,073		_		_		_		207 502		_		_
Charges for services			_		_		_		43 622		2 560		237,302		_		_
Fines and forfeitures			_		_		_		-0,022		2,000		_		_		_
Intergovernmental 496,910 23,500 17,709 423 1,531 65 572 27,469 29, Miscellaneous 20, 17,709 423 1,531 65 572 27,469 29, Miscellaneous 20, 188, Miscellaneous 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20,			_		_		_		72 692		_		_		_		_
Investment earnings 3,920 17,709 423 1,531 65 572 27,469 29,			496 910		23 500		_				_		_		_		_
Miscellaneous							423		1.531		65		572		27.469		29,028
Total Revenues	<u> </u>		-		-		-		-		-		-				118,985
Public Safety Police department \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 80,653 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$	Total Revenues	\$	902,158	\$	1,184,082	\$	3,739	\$	117,845	\$	2,625	\$	298,074	\$		\$	148,013
Police department \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 80,653 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5	Expenditures										_		_		_		
Fire department	Public Safety																
911 system 1,449,771	Police department	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,653	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public works	Fire department		-		-		-		-		2,505		-		-		-
Engineering services - 490,557	911 system		1,449,771		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation -	Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Community development - - - - - - 87,017 Debt Service Principal retirement -	•		-		490,557		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service Principal retirement - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Principal retirement -			-		-		-		-		-		-		87,017		-
Interest and charges																	
Capital Outlay - 269,466 - 35,885 - 54,400 - Total Expenditures \$ 1,449,771 \$ 760,023 - \$ 116,538 2,505 \$ 54,400 \$ 87,017 \$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures \$ (547,613) \$ 424,059 \$ 3,739 \$ 1,307 \$ 120 \$ 243,674 \$ 163,942 \$ 148,000 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Cost share transfers, net Operating transfers in \$ -			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures \$ 1,449,771 \$ 760,023 \$ - \$ 116,538 \$ 2,505 \$ 54,400 \$ 87,017 \$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures \$ (547,613) \$ 424,059 \$ 3,739 \$ 1,307 \$ 120 \$ 243,674 \$ 163,942 \$ 148,000 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Cost share transfers, net \$ - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></th<>			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues \$ (547,613) \$ 424,059 \$ 3,739 \$ 1,307 \$ 120 \$ 243,674 \$ 163,942 \$ 148,000 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Cost share transfers, net \$ -	•	_	<u> </u>	_								_				_	-
Over Expenditures \$ (547,613) \$ 424,059 \$ 3,739 \$ 1,307 \$ 120 \$ 243,674 \$ 163,942 \$ 148,000 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Cost share transfers, net Operating transfers in Operating transfers in Operating transfers out \$ - \$ \$	•	\$	1,449,771	\$	760,023	\$		\$	116,538	\$	2,505	\$	54,400	\$	87,017	\$	-
Cost share transfers, net \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Operating transfers in 747,000 (2,601) - (202,824) (170,000)		\$	(547,613)	\$	424,059	\$	3,739	\$	1,307	\$	120	\$	243,674	\$	163,942	\$	148,013
Cost share transfers, net \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Operating transfers in 747,000 (2,601) - (202,824) (170,000)	Other Financing Sources (Uses)		,				·						·				
Operating transfers in 747,000 - <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>_</td><td>\$</td><td>_</td><td>\$</td><td>_</td><td>\$</td><td>_</td><td>\$</td><td>_</td><td>\$</td><td>_</td><td>\$</td><td>_</td><td>\$</td><td>_</td></td<>		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Operating transfers out (2,601) (202,824) (170,000)	•	•	747.000	•	-	*	_	•	_	•	-	•	_	•	_	•	_
	. •		-		-		-		(2,601)		-		(202,824)		(170,000)		-
From one introduces (0363) ψ $\tau \tau$,000 ψ τ ψ (170,000) ψ	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	747,000	\$		\$	-	\$	(2,601)	\$		\$	(202,824)	\$	(170,000)	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 199,387 \$ 424,059 \$ 3,739 \$ (1,294) \$ 120 \$ 40,850 \$ (6,058) \$ 148,	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	199,387	\$	424,059	\$	3,739	\$	(1,294)	\$	120	\$	40,850	\$	(6,058)	\$	148,013
		•		•				•		•		•				•	940,909
		\$	769,107	\$	3,090,103	\$	68,708	\$	215,526	\$	9,706	\$	89,548	\$		\$	1,088,922

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

				Spe	cial I	Revenue F	unds					Ca	pital	Projects Fu	nds	
		CBD Loan	Ne	eighborhood Rehab Loan		Energy Grant Loan		Tourism Tax	Rev	Total Special venue Funds		Sanitation onnection		TIF #2		TIF #3
Revenues	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ		Φ.	0.040	Φ.		Φ.	200 205	Φ.	44.070
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 821,794	\$	3,316 2,365,995	\$	-	\$	362,365	\$	14,676
Public service taxes Franchise taxes		-		-		-		821,794		2,365,995		-		-		-
Grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		46,182		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		40,162		31,663		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		72,692		31,003		-		-
		-		-		-		-				-		-		-
Intergovernmental		26,016		324		1.106		392		520,410 108,555		3,282		4,230		130
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		115,655		10,045		28,168		392		496,343		3,202		4,230		130
Total Revenues	\$	141,671	\$	10,045	\$	29,274	\$	822,186	\$	3,910,995	\$	34,945	\$	366,595	\$	14,806
	Ψ	141,071	Ψ	10,309	φ	29,214	Ψ	022,100	φ	3,910,993	φ	34,943	Ψ	300,393	φ	14,000
Expenditures																
Public Safety	Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ.		Φ.	00.050	Φ		Φ		Φ.	
Police department	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,653	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fire department		-		-		-		-		2,505		-		-		-
911 system		-		-		-		-		1,449,771		- 0.047		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-		- 400 <i>EE</i> 7		8,617		21,180		-
Engineering services Culture and recreation		-		-		-		- 		490,557		-		-		-
		76,080		-		-		503,133		503,133		-		-		-
Community development Debt Service		76,080		-		-		-		163,097		-		-		-
Principal retirement																
Interest and charges		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		359,751		63,503		- 555,669		-
Total Expenditures	\$	76,080	\$		\$		\$	503,133	\$	3,049,467	\$	72,120	\$	576,849	\$	
<u>.</u>	Ψ	70,000	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ_	303,133	Ψ	3,049,407	Ψ	72,120	Ψ	370,043	Ψ	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	•		•		_		_		•		_	(()	•	(- ()	•	
Over Expenditures	\$	65,591	\$	10,369	\$	29,274	\$	319,053	\$	861,528	\$	(37,175)	\$	(210,254)	\$	14,806
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																
Cost share transfers, net	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(16,387)	\$	(16,387)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-		747,000		-		-		-
Operating transfers out		(27,000)		_		-		(299,806)		(702,231)		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(27,000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(316,193)	\$	28,382	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	38,591	\$	10,369	\$	29,274	\$	2,860	\$	889,910	\$	(37,175)	\$	(210,254)	\$	14,806
Fund Balances, May 1, 2012	*	267,312	•	179,171	,	12,620	•	164,852	,	6,506,278	•	529,120		792,620	,	10,083
Fund Balances, April 30, 2013	\$	305,903	\$	189,540	\$	41,894	\$	167,712	\$	7,396,188	\$	491,945	\$	582,366	\$	24,889
, . ,							: <u> </u>			. , -	_				_	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

						Cap	ital F	Projects Fur	nds					
_		09 Hydro Project		2009 OLC ital Projects		009C G/O rary Project		Sewer quipment	Q	MEA Cap Reserve		ire Equip provement	Pro	Total Capital ojects Funds
Revenues	œ.		Φ		Φ		Ф		Ф		\$		Φ.	277 044
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ъ	-	\$	377,041
Public service taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Franchise taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-		- 204		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-		2,784		34,447
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		- 558		4.045		-		4 0 4 0		639		94,198		94,198
Investment earnings		558		4,945		-		1,843		639		737		16,364
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	Φ.	- 558	Φ.	4,945	Φ.		Ф.	1,843	Ф.		Φ.	- 07.740	Ф.	-
	\$	558	\$	4,945	\$		\$	1,843	\$	639	\$	97,719	\$	522,050
Expenditures														
Public Safety	•								•		_			
Police department	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fire department		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
911 system		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-		29,797
Engineering services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		496		124,691		327,747		-		-		-		452,934
Community development		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service														
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and charges		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-						-		-				619,172
Total Expenditures	\$	496	\$	124,691	\$	327,747	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	1,101,903
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	c	60	ф.	(440.740)	ф.	(227.747)	Φ	4.040	Ф	620	Φ	07.740	Ф	(570.052)
Over Expenditures	_\$	62	\$	(119,746)	\$	(327,747)	\$	1,843	\$	639	\$	97,719	\$	(579,853)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Cost share transfers, net	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-		27,123		-		27,123
Operating transfers out		(52,389)				_		(59,000)		-				(111,389)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(52,389)	\$		\$		\$	(59,000)	\$	27,123	\$	-	\$	(84,266)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(52,327)	\$	(119,746)	\$	(327,747)	\$	(57,157)	\$	27,762	\$	97,719	\$	(664,119)
Fund Balances, May 1, 2012		52,327		500,479		327,747		292,492		82,436		40,555		2,627,859
Fund Balances, April 30, 2013	\$	-	\$	380,733	\$	-	\$	235,335	\$	110,198	\$	138,274	\$	1,963,740
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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Concluded)

Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

						Debt Serv	ice Fu	unds						Total
B		2010 GO Bond		2005 GO Bond		2009 OLC G/O Bond		009 Library Bond	:	2009 Hydro Bond	Se	Total Debt ervice Funds		Non-Major overnmental Funds
Revenues Property taxes	\$	27,555	\$	1,181,058	\$		\$	313,761	\$		\$	1,522,374	\$	1,902,731
Public service taxes	φ	27,555	φ	1,101,036	φ	_	φ	313,701	φ	_	φ	1,322,374	φ	2,365,995
Franchise taxes		_		_		_		-		_		_		297,502
Grants and contributions		_		_		_		_		_		_		46,182
Charges for services		_		_		_		_		_		_		34,447
Fines and forfeitures		_		_		_		_		_		_		72,692
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		_		_		_		614,608
Investment earnings		893		2,263		85		2,276		418		5,935		130,854
Miscellaneous		-		2,200		-		132,036		-10		132,036		628,379
Total Revenues	\$	28,448	\$	1,183,321	\$	85	\$	448,073	\$	418	\$	1,660,345	\$	6,093,390
Expenditures	<u> </u>			1,100,000	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			1,000,010	<u> </u>	
Public Safety														
Police department	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	80,653
Fire department	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	*	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	*	2,505
911 system		_		_		_		_		_		_		1,449,771
Public works		_		_		-		-		_		_		29,797
Engineering services		_		-		-		-		-		_		490,557
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		_		-		956,067
Community development		-		-		-		-		-		-		163,097
Debt Service														
Principal retirement		10,000		905,000		-		150,000		-		1,065,000		1,065,000
Interest and charges		17,782		372,012		44,715		294,012		500		729,021		729,021
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-		978,923
Total Expenditures	\$	27,782	\$	1,277,012	\$	44,715	\$	444,012	\$	500	\$	1,794,021	\$	5,945,391
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues														
Over Expenditures	\$	666	\$	(93,691)	\$	(44,630)	\$	4,061	\$	(82)	\$	(133,676)	\$	147,999
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Cost share transfers, net	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(16,387)
Operating transfers in	•	_	*	107,624	*	45,600	*	_	*	173,843	*	327,067	*	1,101,190
Operating transfers out		_		-		-		-		-		-		(813,620)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	107,624	\$	45,600	\$	-	\$	173,843	\$	327,067	\$	271,183
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	666	\$	13,933	\$	970	\$	4,061	\$	173,761	\$	193,391	\$	419,182
Fund Balances, May 1, 2012	Ψ	69,739	Ψ	15,331	Ψ	18,479	Ψ	141,703	Ψ	5,089	Ψ	250,341	Ψ	9,384,478
Fund Balances, April 30, 2013	\$	70,405	\$	29,264	\$	19,449	\$	145,764	\$	178,850	\$	443,732	\$	9,803,660
· =, · .p • • , = • · •		. 0, .00		_==,_== :						,				5,555,566

		prise Funds Quincy Iunicipal Dock	Total lon-Major oprietary Funds
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	147,703	\$ 147,703
Receivables, net		990	990
Total Current Assets	\$	148,693	\$ 148,693
Noncurrent Assets	·		
Capital assets:			
Land	\$	19,945	\$ 19,945
Systems		145,556	145,556
Buildings and improvements		241,282	241,282
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(224,731)	(224,731)
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	182,052	\$ 182,052
Total Assets	\$	330,745	\$ 330,745
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	251	\$ 251
Accrued expenses		1,596	1,596
Accrued compensated absences		2,187	2,187
Bonds, notes and loans payable		-	-
Total Current Liabilities	\$	4,034	\$ 4,034
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Accrued compensated absences	<u>\$</u> \$	5,196	\$ 5,196
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	5,196	\$ 5,196
Total Liabilities	_\$	9,230	\$ 9,230
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of debt	\$	182,052	\$ 182,052
Unrestricted		139,463	139,463
Total Net Position	\$	321,515	\$ 321,515

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		rprise Funds Quincy Iunicipal Dock		Total lon-Major oprietary Funds
Operating Revenues	ф.	4.47.050	•	4.47.050
Charges for services	\$	147,358	\$	147,358
Total Revenues	\$	147,358	\$	147,358
Operating Expenses				
Salaries and wages	\$	26,562	\$	26,562
Benefits		12,156		12,156
Purchased services		4,331		4,331
Supplies		5,441		5,441
Depreciation expense		20,737		20,737
Total Operating Expenses	\$	69,227	\$	69,227
Operating Income	\$	78,131	\$	78,131
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest revenue	\$	1,125	\$	1,125
Operating transfers in		-		-
Operating transfers out		(100,000)		(100,000)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(98,875)	\$	(98,875)
Change in Net Position	\$	(20,744)	\$	(20,744)
Net Position, May 1, 2012		342,259		342,259
Net Position, April 30, 2013	\$	321,515	\$	321,515

		prise Funds Quincy Iunicipal Dock		Total Ion-Major roprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	150,389 (10,191) (36,647)	\$	150,389 (10,191) (36,647)
Net Cash Provided by Operations	\$	103,551	\$	103,551
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Operating subsidies and transfers	\$	(100,000)	\$	(100,000)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		4.405	•	
Interest received	\$	1,125	\$	1,125
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	\$	1,125	\$	1,125
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,676	\$	4,676
Cash and Cash Equivalents, May 1, 2012		143,027		143,027
Cash and Cash Equivalents, April 30, 2013	\$	147,703	\$	147,703
Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile Operating Income:	\$	78,131	\$	78,131
Amortization and depreciation		20,737		20,737
(Increase) Decrease in: Accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in:		3,031		3,031
Accounts payable		(419)		(419)
Accrued expenses		264		264
Accrued compensated absences Cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,807 103,551	\$	1,807 103,551
oush nows from operating activities	Ψ	100,001	Ψ	100,001

			lr	nterna	al Service Fun	ıds					Total
		Central Garage	Central Services		employment Fund		Self Insurance Fund	I	Health nsurance Fund	_	Internal Service Funds
Assets											
Current Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,255,493	\$ 2,218	\$	138,922	\$	2,250,000	\$	630,930	\$	4,277,563
Receivables, net		1,132	212,420		-		270		76,032		289,854
Inventories		34,709	 -		-		-		-		34,709
Total Current Assets	\$	1,291,334	\$ 214,638	\$	138,922	\$	2,250,270	\$	706,962	\$	4,602,126
Noncurrent Assets			_								
Capital assets:											
Land	\$	-	\$ 488,071	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	488,071
Systems		-	510,500		-		-		-		510,500
Buildings and improvements		-	2,210,394		-		-		-		2,210,394
Vehicles and equipment		4,618,833	903,596		-		7,469		-		5,529,898
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(4,132,804)	(1,558,360)		-		(7,469)		-		(5,698,633)
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	486,029	\$ 2,554,201	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,040,230
Total Assets	\$	1,777,363	\$ 2,768,839	\$	138,922	\$	2,250,270	\$	706,962	\$	7,642,356
Liabilities											
Current Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	24,520	\$ 69,485	\$	-	\$	5,088	\$	-	\$	99,093
Accrued expenses		13,056	36,126		-		7,030		439,561		495,773
Compensated absences		21,379	74,489		-		9,055		-		104,923
Total Current Liabilities	\$	58,955	\$ 180,100	\$	-	\$	21,173	\$	439,561	\$	699,789
Noncurrent Liabilities		·	·						·		
Compensated absences	\$	57,469	\$ 161,174	\$	-	\$	16,766	\$	-	\$	235,409
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	57,469	\$ 161,174	\$	-	\$	16,766	\$	-	\$	235,409
Total Liabilities	\$	116,424	\$ 341,274	\$	-	\$	37,939	\$	439,561	\$	935,198
Net Position											
Invested in capital assets,											
net of debt	\$	486,029	\$ 2,554,201	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,040,230
Restricted for debt service	•	-	 -	•	_	•	-	•	-	•	-
Unrestricted		1,174,910	(126,636)		138,922		2,212,331		267,401		3,666,928
Total Net Position	\$	1,660,939	\$ 2,427,565	\$	138,922	\$	2,212,331	\$	267,401	\$	6,707,158

City of Quincy, Illinois
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Governmental-Type Activities
Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		Ir	iterna	I Service Fur	ıds					Total
	Central Garage	Central Services		mployment Fund		Self Insurance Fund		Health Insurance Fund	_	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 1,611,710 20,629	\$ 737,520 12,452	\$	16,700 -	\$	2,724,967 757	\$	5,729,147 -	\$	10,820,044 33,838
Total Revenues	\$ 1,632,339	\$ 749,972	\$	16,700	\$	2,725,724	\$	5,729,147	\$	10,853,882
Operating Expenses										
Salaries and wages Benefits Purchased services Supplies Claims Other Depreciation expense	\$ 402,485 248,526 264,298 991,142 - - 87,443	\$ 1,320,346 803,052 1,282,730 114,089 - 345 67,963	\$	3,154	\$	173,024 94,934 2,243,777 16,276 41,360 46,784	\$	5,686,278	\$	1,895,855 1,146,512 3,790,805 1,121,507 5,730,792 47,129 155,406
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 1,993,894	\$ 3,588,525	\$	3,154	\$	2,616,155	\$	5,686,278	\$	13,888,006
Operating Income	\$ (361,555)	\$ (2,838,553)	\$	13,546	\$	109,569	\$	42,869	\$	(3,034,124)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest and investment revenue Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	\$ 5,681 834,516	\$ 264 2,746,000	\$	824 - -	\$	8,125 - -	\$	4,377 - -	\$	19,271 3,580,516 -
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ 840,197	\$ 2,746,264	\$	824	\$	8,125	\$	4,377	\$	3,599,787
Change in Net Position Net Position, May 1, 2012	\$ 478,642 1,182,297	\$ (92,289) 2,519,854	\$	14,370 124,552	\$	117,694 2,094,637	\$	47,246 220,155	\$	565,663 6,141,495
Net Position, April 30, 2013	\$ 1,660,939	\$ 2,427,565	\$	138,922	\$	2,212,331	\$	267,401	\$	6,707,158

				Int	terna	I Service Fun	ds					Total
		Central Garage		Central Services		employment Fund		Self Insurance Fund		Health Insurance Fund		Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities												
Receipts from customers	\$	1,611,933	\$	750,584	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,272,509	\$	4,635,026
Payments to suppliers		(1,549,165)		(2,225,334)		-		(2,357,538)		-		(6,132,037)
Payments to employees		(392,903)		(1,283,499)		-		(167,015)		6,893		(1,836,524)
Internal activity-payments from other funds		-		-		16,700		2,792,972		3,456,292		6,265,964
Claims paid		-		-		(3,154)		(41,360)		(5,686,547)		(5,731,061)
Other receipts (payments)		20,629		12,107		<u> </u>		(46,027)			_	(13,291)
Net Cash Provided by Operations	\$	(309,506)	\$	(2,746,142)	\$	13,546	\$	181,032	\$	49,147	\$	(2,811,923)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities												
Operating subsidies and transfers	\$	834,516	\$	2,746,000	\$		\$		\$		\$	3,580,516
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities												
Purchases of capital assets	\$	(28,543)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(28,543)
Disposal of capital assets Net Cash (Used) by Capital and		-		-		-						-
Related Financing Activities	\$	(28,543)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(28,543)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities												
Interest received	\$	5,681	\$	264	\$	824	\$	8,125	\$	4,377	\$	19,271
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>\$</u> \$	5,681	\$	264	\$	824	\$	8,125	\$	4,377	\$	19,271
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash												
and Cash Equivalents	\$	502,148	\$	122	\$	14,370	\$	189,157	\$	53,524	\$	759,321
Cash and Cash Equivalents, May 1, 2012	*	753,345	Ψ	2,096	~	124,552	Ψ	2,060,843	~	577,406	Ψ	3,518,242
Cash and Cash Equivalents, April 30, 2013	\$	1,255,493	\$	2,218	\$	138,922	\$	2,250,000	\$	630,930	\$	4,277,563

City of Quincy, Illinois
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Governmental-Type Activities (Concluded)
Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		Int	terna	I Service Fun	ds			Total
	Central Garage	Central Services	Une	employment Fund		Self Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities								
Operating Income	\$ (361,555)	\$ (2,838,553)	\$	13,546	\$	109,569	\$ 42,869	\$ (3,034,124)
Adjustments to reconcile Operating Income:								
Amortization and depreciation	87,443	67,963		-		-	-	155,406
(Gain) Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-		-		-	-	-
(Increase) Decrease in:								
Accounts receivable	223	13,064		-		68,005	(346)	80,946
Inventories	5,999	-		-		-	-	5,999
Increase (Decrease) in:								
Accounts payable	(51,198)	(25,463)		-		(2,551)	(269)	(79,481)
Accrued expenses	2,127	6,162		-		2,650	6,893	17,832
Accrued compensated absences	 7,455	30,685				3,359		41,499
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ (309,506)	\$ (2,746,142)	\$	13,546	\$	181,032	\$ 49,147	\$ (2,811,923)

	ı	Police Retirement Plan		Firefighter Retirement Plan	ı	Total Retirement Plans
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,330,124	\$	1,157,297	\$	2,487,421
Investments		28,998,145		23,193,211		52,191,356
Receivables, net		1,565,210		1,961,669		3,526,879
Total Assets	\$	31,893,479	\$	26,312,177	\$	58,205,656
Liabilities Current Liabilities						
Accrued expenses	\$	1,308	\$	25,613	\$	26,921
Unearned revenue	Ψ	1,397,133	φ	1,896,057	φ	•
Offeathed revenue		1,397,133		1,090,037		3,293,190
Total Liabilities	\$	1,398,441	\$	1,921,670	\$	3,320,111
Net Position						
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	30,495,038	\$	24,390,507	\$	54,885,545
Total Net Position	\$	30,495,038	\$	24,390,507	\$	54,885,545

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

	F	Police Retirement Plan		Firefighter Retirement Plan	F	Total Retirement Plans
Additions						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$	1,384,693	\$	1,958,751	\$	3,343,444
Personal Property Replacement tax		288,595		415,564		704,159
Total taxes	\$	1,673,288	\$	2,374,315	\$	4,047,603
Contributions:						
Plan members	\$	466,696	\$	372,372	\$	839,068
	\$	466,696	\$	372,372	\$	839,068
Investment earnings:						
Net increase (decrease) in fair value	\$	1,150,529	\$	1,194,681	\$	2,345,210
Realized gain (loss) on sale of investments		(53,343)		(111,532)		(164,875)
Interest		367,050		315,011		682,061
Dividends		310,919		293,649		604,568
Total investment earnings	\$	1,775,155	\$	1,691,809	\$	3,466,964
Total Additions	_\$	3,915,139	\$	4,438,496	\$	8,353,635
Deductions						
Benefits	\$	2,403,245	\$	3,139,769	\$	5,543,014
Administrative expenses	•	257,800	,	158,449	•	416,249
Total Deductions	\$	2,661,045	\$	3,298,218	\$	5,959,263
Change in net position	\$	1,254,094	\$	1,140,278	\$	2,394,372
Net position, May 1, 2012		29,240,944		23,250,229		52,491,173
Net position, April 30, 2013	\$	30,495,038	\$	24,390,507	\$	54,885,545
Net position, May 1, 2012		29,240,944		23,250,229		52,491

City of Quincy, Illinois Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds April 30, 2013

		earn Not to Burn Fund		Sister City nmission		Stay Alive House	Bic	incoln entennial mmission	F	Human Rights nmission		City Tree Board		Bridge Lighting Fund		Total Private Purpose
Assets Current Assets	Φ.	0.004	•	44.000	Φ.	4 000	Φ	0.500	Ф	005	Φ.	00.000	Φ.	400,000	Φ.	040.050
Cash and equivalents	\$	2,921	\$	14,222	\$	1,938	\$	2,506	\$	635	_\$	22,028	\$	169,000	\$	213,250
Total Assets	\$	2,921	\$	14,222	\$	1,938	\$	2,506	\$	635	\$	22,028	\$	169,000	\$	213,250
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$	
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
Net Position Restricted for																
future expenditures	\$	2,921	\$	14,222	\$	1,938	\$	2,506	\$	635	\$	22,028	\$	169,000	\$	213,250
Total Net Position	\$	2,921	\$	14,222	\$	1,938	\$	2,506	\$	635	\$	22,028	\$	169,000	\$	213,250

City of Quincy, Illinois
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2013

		earn Not to Burn Fund		Sister City nmission		Stay Alive House	Bic	incoln entennial mmission		Human Rights mmission		City Tree Board		Bridge Lighting Fund		Total Private Purpose
Additions Contributions:																
Outside agencies Transfers from general fund	\$	-	\$	3,296 5,000	\$	400	\$	1,660	\$	-	\$	-	\$	169,000	\$	174,356 5,000
Transiers from general fund	\$		\$	8,296	\$	400	\$	1,660	\$		\$		\$	169,000	\$	179,356
Investment earnings:	Ψ		Ψ	0,200	Ψ_	400	Ψ	1,000	Ψ		Ψ_	_	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	170,000
Interest	\$	18	\$	92	\$	12	\$	8	\$	13	\$	138	\$	-	\$	281
Total investment earnings	\$	18	\$	92	\$	12	\$	8	\$	13	\$	138	\$	-	\$	281
Total Additions	\$	18	\$	8,388	\$	412	\$	1,668	\$	13	\$	138	\$	169,000	\$	179,637
Deductions																
Payments to others	\$	32	\$	6,897	\$	524	\$	273	\$	1,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,326
Total Deductions	\$	32	\$	6,897	\$	524	\$	273	\$	1,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,326
Change in net position	\$	(14)	\$	1,491	\$	(112)	\$	1,395	\$	(1,587)	\$	138	\$	169,000	\$	170,311
Net position, May 1, 2012		2,935		12,731		2,050		1,111		2,222		21,890		-		42,939
Net position, April 30, 2013	\$	2,921	\$	14,222	\$	1,938	\$	2,506	\$	635	\$	22,028	\$	169,000	\$	213,250

Statistical Section

Statistical information contained herein relates to the physical, economic, social and political characteristics of the City. It is designed to provide a broader and more complete understanding of the City and its financial affairs than is possible from the financial statements, notes and supporting schedules presented in the financial section.

Year Ending	General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2010					General ((Limited 1 Series	āx)	Notes	General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2005A				
April 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2014	\$	70,000	\$	16,422	\$	201,265	\$	11,895	\$	955,000	\$	325,225	
2015		80,000		14,810		204,553		8,606		1,000,000		276,350	
2016		85,000		12,675		207,885		5,274		1,055,000		224,975	
2017		80,000		10,200		211,297		1,866		1,110,000		176,400	
2018		90,000		7,380		-		-		1,155,000		131,100	
2019		110,000		3,780		-		-		1,380,000		80,400	
2020		50,000		900		-		-		1,320,000		26,400	
2021		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2022		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2023		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2024		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2025		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2026		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2027		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2028		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2029		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	\$	565,000	\$	66,167	\$	825,000	\$	27,641	\$	7,975,000	\$	1,240,850	

	General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bonds				General C	Julia	alion	General Obligation					
Year	(onds		nds				nds			
Ending		Series	2009A		Series	200	9B		Series	2009	<u>C</u>		
April 30		Principal	Inte	rest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2014	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	44,215	\$	165,000	\$	288,613		
2015		-		-	-		44,215		180,000		282,838		
2016		1,087,529	3	389,366	-		44,215		195,000		275,998		
2017		-		-	-		44,215		215,000		267,613		
2018		-		-	200,000		44,215		240,000		257,400		
2019		-		-	205,000		38,215		260,000		245,400		
2020		-		-	210,000		31,553		285,000		231,880		
2021		-		-	220,000		24,203		310,000		216,490		
2022		-		-	225,000		16,063		335,000		199,440		
2023		-		-	185,000		7,400		360,000		180,680		
2024		-		-	-		-		390,000		160,520		
2025		-		-	-		-		420,000		138,290		
2026		-		-	-		-		455,000		113,930		
2027		-		-	-		-		490,000		87,085		
2028		-		-	-		-		530,000		57,685		
2029				-	 -		-		420,000		25,620		
	\$	1,087,529	\$ 3	389,366	\$ 1,245,000	\$	338,509	\$	5,250,000	\$	3,029,482		

City of Quincy, Illinois Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements (Concluded) April 30, 2013

Year Ending		General Ol Bon Series 2	ds	on	Total General Obligation Bonds						
April 30	P	rincipal	Int	terest		Principal		Interest			
2014	\$	121,531	\$	17,962	\$	1,512,796	\$	704,332			
2015		124,119	15,373			1,588,672		642,192			
2016		126,730		12,762		2,757,144		965,265			
2017		129,461	10,032			1,745,758		510,326			
2018		132,218		7,275		1,817,218		447,370			
2019		135,033		4,459		2,090,033		372,254			
2020		137,908		1,585		2,002,908		292,318			
2021		-		-		530,000		240,693			
2022		-		-		560,000		215,503			
2023		-		-		545,000		188,080			
2024		-		-		390,000		160,520			
2025		-		-		420,000		138,290			
2026		-		-		455,000		113,930			
2027		-		-		490,000		87,085			
2028		-		-		530,000		57,685			
2029		-				420,000		25,620			
	\$	907,000	\$	69,448	\$	17,854,529	\$	5,161,463			

The largest taxpayers in the City based upon the Equalized Assessed Valuations:

	2002 EAV	% of City's
Taxpayer	(Approximate)	EAV
Quincy Mall, Inc.	\$ 5,999,560	1.64%
QP&S Properties	5,009,540	1.37%
W-H Associates, LLC	2,979,130	0.81%
Wis-Pak of Quincy, Inc.	2,639,500	0.72%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	2,441,380	0.67%
Quincy Partners	1,684,360	0.46%
Hollister Whitney Elevator Corp.	1,612,720	0.44%
Sandelman, Sanford & Susan Trust	1,379,070	0.38%
Quincy King Development	1,327,050	0.36%
Quincy King Dev Co-c/o Walmart Stores #55-1454	1,233,210	0.34%
Total of Top 10 EAV's	\$ 26,305,520	7.18%
Total for City of Quincy	\$ 366,448,605	

Source: Adams County, Illinois, Clerk's Office

	2012 EAV	% of City's
Taxpayer	(Approximate)	EAV
QP&S Properties	\$ 8,260,800	1.46%
Quincy-Cullinan LLC	6,155,800	1.09%
Charles & Kathie Marx	3,192,150	0.56%
Blessing Hospital	3,189,460	0.56%
Menard, Inc.	3,078,980	0.54%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	2,917,960	0.52%
Orix Sansone Quincy Venture	2,772,680	0.49%
Mercantile Bank	2,678,750	0.47%
Walmart	2,518,430	0.45%
Wis-Pak of Quincy, Inc.	2,146,460	0.38%
Hy-Vee, Inc.	2,106,310	0.37%
Total of Top 10 EAV's	\$ 39,017,780	6.90%
Total for City of Quincy	\$ 565,801,405	

Source: Adams County, Illinois, Clerk's Office

Revenue Base: Computation of Equalized Assessed Valuation

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Residential	\$ 277,910,843	\$277,557,162	\$295,835,789	\$316,156,656	\$341,632,107	\$362,541,713	\$375,674,413	\$386,241,601	\$397,693,834	\$401,318,370
Farm	256,130	311,590	327,680	369,140	359,350	389,110	403,190	365,380	373,840	378,270
Commercial	103,265,826	108,222,015	121,638,999	128,649,380	134,175,431	144,683,476	152,263,556	157,040,192	152,961,509	150,707,812
Industrial	7,024,320	7,297,950	7,867,660	8,564,330	8,929,660	9,480,010	14,537,570	14,506,004	12,487,934	12,362,694
Railroads	538,427	529,754	498,841	520,149	580,234	655,126	770,619	834,400	974,773	1,034,259
Total (Incl. TIF)	\$ 388,995,546	\$393,918,471	\$426,168,969	\$454,259,655	\$485,676,782	\$517,749,435	\$543,649,348	\$558,987,577	\$564,491,890	\$565,801,405

Source: Adams County. Illinois, Clerk's Office

Revenue Rates: Tax Rate Trends

Purpose	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Corporate	0.21087	0.17941	0.20037	0.16764	0.11357	0.02103	-	-	-	-
Fire Pension	0.24610	0.23654	0.19531	0.22175	0.24485	0.29390	0.35043	0.36990	0.34708	0.33511
Police Pension	0.17865	0.18609	0.16380	0.16906	0.20623	0.23015	0.26011	0.28697	0.24536	0.24693
Library	0.25910	0.25874	0.27886	0.27104	0.25422	0.26646	0.19829	0.12718	0.14063	0.12939
GOCP Bonds	0.22158	0.23599	0.23476	0.20263	0.18650	0.17649	0.23949	0.22808	0.26963	0.28216
Total	1.11630	1.09677	1.07310	1.03212	1.00537	0.98803	1.04832	1.01213	1.00270	0.99359

Source: Adams County. Illinois, Clerk's Office

Property Tax Levy: Tax Extensions

Levy Year	Assessed Valuation	Tax Extension (Excl. TIF)
2003	388,995,546	4,321,795
2004	393,918,471	4,320,380
2005	426,168,969	4,573,220
2006	454,259,655	4,688,505
2007	485,676,782	4,882,849
2008	517,749,435	5,115,520
2009	543,649,348	5,699,185
2010	558,987,577	5,657,681
2011	564,491,890	5,660,160
2012	565,801,405	5,621,746

Source: Adams County. Illinois, Clerk's Office

Debt Capacity: Direct General Obligation Debt												
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Obligation	\$	18,157,138	\$ 17,481,930	\$ 16,892,673	\$ 16,253,899	\$ 16,387,734	\$ 15,215,767	\$ 13,995,493	\$ 26,019,131	\$ 24,821,818	\$ 18,187,529	\$ 17,854,529
Notes Payable-Bank		418,697	2,456,943	1,794,152	1,610,392	1,004,775	1,754,984	1,396,740	2,207,185	1,971,876	1,741,764	605,599
Total	\$	18,575,835	\$ 19,938,873	\$ 18,686,825	\$ 17,864,291	\$ 17,392,509	\$ 16,970,751	\$ 15,392,233	\$ 28,226,316	\$ 26,793,694	\$ 19,929,293	\$ 18,460,128
Source: Comprehensive Annual Fina	ancial Re	port										
Debt Ratios: Direct Debt												
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Est. Full Value		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
of Taxable Property		2003 99,345,815	\$ 1,166,986,638	\$ 1,181,755,413	\$ 1,278,506,907	\$ 1,362,778,965	\$ 1,457,030,346	\$ 1,553,248,305	\$ 1,630,948,044	\$ 1,676,962,731	\$ 1,693,475,670	2013 \$ 1,697,404,215
of Taxable Property Equalized Assessed	\$ 1,0	99,345,815	\$ 1,166,986,638	\$ 1,181,755,413	\$ 1,278,506,907	\$ 1,362,778,965	\$ 1,457,030,346	\$ 1,553,248,305	\$ 1,630,948,044	\$ 1,676,962,731	\$ 1,693,475,670	\$ 1,697,404,215
of Taxable Property Equalized Assessed Valuation (incl. TIF)	\$ 1,0	99,345,815	\$ 1,166,986,638 \$ 388,995,546	\$ 1,181,755,413 \$ 393,918,471	\$ 1,278,506,907 \$ 426,168,969	\$ 1,362,778,965 \$ 454,259,655	\$ 1,457,030,346 \$ 485,676,782	\$ 1,553,248,305 \$ 517,749,435	\$ 1,630,948,044 \$ 543,649,348	\$ 1,676,962,731 \$ 558,987,577	\$ 1,693,475,670 \$ 564,491,890	\$ 1,697,404,215 \$ 565,801,405
of Taxable Property Equalized Assessed	\$ 1,0	99,345,815	\$ 1,166,986,638	\$ 1,181,755,413	\$ 1,278,506,907	\$ 1,362,778,965	\$ 1,457,030,346	\$ 1,553,248,305	\$ 1,630,948,044	\$ 1,676,962,731	\$ 1,693,475,670	\$ 1,697,404,215
of Taxable Property Equalized Assessed Valuation (incl. TIF)	\$ 1,0	99,345,815 66,448,605 40,366	\$ 1,166,986,638 \$ 388,995,546	\$ 1,181,755,413 \$ 393,918,471	\$ 1,278,506,907 \$ 426,168,969	\$ 1,362,778,965 \$ 454,259,655	\$ 1,457,030,346 \$ 485,676,782	\$ 1,553,248,305 \$ 517,749,435	\$ 1,630,948,044 \$ 543,649,348	\$ 1,676,962,731 \$ 558,987,577	\$ 1,693,475,670 \$ 564,491,890	\$ 1,697,404,215 \$ 565,801,405
of Taxable Property Equalized Assessed Valuation (incl. TIF) Population, Census	\$ 1,0	99,345,815 66,448,605 40,366	\$ 1,166,986,638 \$ 388,995,546	\$ 1,181,755,413 \$ 393,918,471	\$ 1,278,506,907 \$ 426,168,969	\$ 1,362,778,965 \$ 454,259,655	\$ 1,457,030,346 \$ 485,676,782	\$ 1,553,248,305 \$ 517,749,435	\$ 1,630,948,044 \$ 543,649,348	\$ 1,676,962,731 \$ 558,987,577	\$ 1,693,475,670 \$ 564,491,890	\$ 1,697,404,215 \$ 565,801,405
of Taxable Property Equalized Assessed Valuation (incl. TIF) Population, Census	\$ 1,0	99,345,815 66,448,605 40,366	\$ 1,166,986,638 \$ 388,995,546 40,366	\$ 1,181,755,413 \$ 393,918,471 40,366	\$ 1,278,506,907 \$ 426,168,969 40,366	\$ 1,362,778,965 \$ 454,259,655 40,366	\$ 1,457,030,346 \$ 485,676,782 40,366	\$ 1,553,248,305 \$ 517,749,435 40,366	\$ 1,630,948,044 \$ 543,649,348 40,366	\$ 1,676,962,731 \$ 558,987,577 40,633	\$ 1,693,475,670 \$ 564,491,890 40,633	\$ 1,697,404,215 \$ 565,801,405 40,633

3.83%

3.49%

2.97%

5.19%

4.79%

3.53%

The City has no debt limit.

Percent of Equalized Assessed Value

5.07%

5.13%

4.74%

4.19%

3.26%

Number of Employees									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Full-time	370	370	370	369	368	338	340	333	332
Part-time	57	48	48	61	53	64	61	49	45
Total	427	418	418	430	421	402	401	382	377

Level of Service Employee Count by Function Full-time Employees Only

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Police sworn	75	74	73	77	76	75	76	75	74
Fire sworn	65	66	66	66	69	64	64	64	63
911 (all)	21	21	22	20	20	21	19	20	20
Transit (Union only)	25	24	24	23	23	20	23	20	20
822 Union only									
(Water, Sewer, Airport, Central Services)	100	101	101	97	99	84	84	82	82
Administration (no legal)	84	84	84	86	81	74	74	72	73
Total	370	370	370	369	368	338	340	333	332

Demographics Employment Rates for City of Quincy

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Labor Force	20,602	20,687	21,566	22,607	22,852	22,538	22,182	22,338	22,064	21,654
Employed	19,309	19,601	20,601	21,495	21,963	21,350	20,424	20,543	20,491	20,214
Unemployed	1,293	1,086	965	1,112	889	1,188	1,758	1,795	1,573	1,440
Rate	6.3%	5.2%	4.5%	4.9%	3.9%	5.3%	7.9%	8.0%	7.1%	6.7%

Source: Illinois Department of Employment Security

Employment Rates for Adams County

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2011
Labor Force	35,514	35,801	37,338	39,222	39,511	38,873	38,092	38,371	37,424	36,751
Employed	33,625	34,172	35,916	37,854	38,108	36,907	35,304	35,525	34,939	34,469
Unemployed	1,889	1,629	1,422	1,368	1,403	1,966	2,788	2,846	2,485	2,282
Rate	5.3%	4.6%	3.8%	3.5%	3.6%	5.1%	7.3%	7.4%	6.6%	6.2%

Source: Illinois Department of Employment Security

Compliance Section

The accompanying information is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Quincy, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Quincy, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Quincy, Illinois' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Quincy, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Quincy, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Quincy, Illinois' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. (Finding 2013-01).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Quincy, Illinois' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* (Concluded)

City of Quincy, Illinois' Response to Findings

City of Quincy, Illinois' response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Quincy, Illinois' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wade Stables P.C. Wade Stables P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 22, 2013 Quincy, Illinois



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Quincy, Illinois

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Quincy, Illinois' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Quincy, Illinois' major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2013. City of Quincy, Illinois' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Quincy, Illinois' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Quincy, Illinois' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Quincy, Illinois' compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Quincy, Illinois, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Quincy, Illinois, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Quincy, Illinois' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Quincy, Illinois' internal control over compliance.

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 (Concluded)

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wade Stables P.C. Wade Stables P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 22, 2013 Quincy, Illinois

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Program Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development			
Economic Development Initiative-Special Projects, Neighborhood Initiative and Miscellaneous Grants	14.251	B-10-SP-IL-0134	\$ 139,679
Illinois Housing Development Authority Community Development Block Grants	14.228	PID#750016	M \$ 1,302,721
Illinois Housing Development Authority Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239 14.239	HS-50207 HS-50535	\$ 22,030 79,251 \$ 101,281
Total U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development			\$ 1,543,681
U.S. Department of Justice Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738 16.738	2012-DJ-BX-0103 2010-DJ-BX-1471	\$ 15,100 17,311
Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	408817	20,000 \$ 52,411
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant Program	16.607		\$ 2,413
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$ 54,824
U.S. Department of Transportation Illinois Department of Transportation	20.400	LUN 4405 0000	Ф 07.440
Airport Improvement Program	20.106 20.205	UIN-4165-0000 2011-SR-3738	\$ 87,118 \$ 55,155
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas	20.509 20.509	IL-18-X029 IL-86-X001	\$ 600,253 33,750 \$ 634,003
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600 20.600	OP-13-049 OP2-4780-039	\$ 6,751 27,731 \$ 34,482
Total Illinois Department of Transportation			\$ 810,758
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$ 810,758
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Congressionally Mandated Projects	66.202	XP00E00750-0	\$ 91
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			\$ 91
U.S. Department of Energy ARRA-Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant	81.128	DE-EE0002446	M \$ 101,757
Total U.S. Department of Energy			\$ 101,757

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Program Number	Ex	penditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Illinois Department of Transportation				
Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Agreement Program	97.090 97.090	HSTS0208HSLR284 HSTS0213HSLR722	\$ 	32,251 36,015 68,266
Illinois Emergency Management Agency Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	Fire Dept	\$	3,795
Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067	MFF WMD	\$	19,381 21,897 41,278
			\$	45,073
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security Total Federal Expenditures			\$ \$	113,339 2,639,450

M - Denotes Major Program

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Quincy, Illinois and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements

2. Subrecipients

The City of Quincy, Illinois did not receive federal awards on behalf of others.

3. Non-Monetary Federal Awards

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. During the year ended April 30, 2013, the City did not received any non-monetary assistance.

4. Insurance

As of and for the year ended April 30, 2013, the City had no federal insurance in effect.

5. Federal Loans or Loan Guarantees

As of and for the year ended April 30, 2013, the City had no federal loans or loan guarantees.

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

- A. The auditor's report on the financial statements of the City of Quincy, Illinois was unmodifed.
- B. One significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting disclosed during the audit of the financial statements is reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- C. No instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations are reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- D. No significant deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of internal control over major federal award programs of the City of Quincy, Illinois.
- E. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City of Quincy, Illinois expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- F. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for the City of Quincy, Illinois were noted.
- G. The programs tested as major programs included the following programs:
 - Community Development Block Grants (CFDA #14.228)
 - ARRA-Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant (CFDA #81.128)
- H. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. The City of Quincy, Illinois qualified as a low-risk auditee.

2. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

2013-01 - Grant Income and Expenses

Condition: Proceeds received from the NSP grant program were not recorded properly, as well as, the related expenses incurred. The City indirectly received approximately \$950,000 from this grant and is owed approximately \$500,000 more. Expenses of the same amounts were also expended or due to contractors. These were not shown in the grant fund.

Cause of Condition: This grant is administered by the Illinois Housing Development Authority (IHDA) and the City does not directly receive any funds nor does it directly make any expenditures. Contractors used for this program submit their billing to the City and the City forwards it to IHDA to request the funds from the NSP grant. Once funds are received, IHDA then pays the contractors. Funds do not actually flow through the City's cash account. However, the NSP grant is a grant to the City of Quincy and, consequently, the City is responsible for reporting this grant income and related expenses even if the two are equal.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that require <u>all</u> transactions to be posted in a timely manner to ensure financial reports are not misleading.

Effect: Overall revenue was understated by the amount of the grant proceeds and expenses were understated by the amount of grant expenditures. Assets were understated by the amount of the receivable from the grant and liabilities were also understated by the amount due to the contractors. However, the net effect on the change in fund balance and net position is zero. Also, we did not find any noncompliance in regards to our single audit testing as the accounting was being performed by an outside party, just not being reported on the City's overall financial statements.

The City had included NSP grant income and expenses in its budget, however, this income and expense was not recorded causing the variance in the fund to be incorrectly reported during the year.

2. Findings – Financial Statement Audit (Concluded)

2013-01 – Grant Income and Expenses (Concluded)

Recommendation The City should ensure that all grant income is being recorded in its financial data so the reports given to the City Council are accurate for planning and monitoring purposes. When the City indirectly receives grant funds, be sure to record the grant activity at least monthly to provide accurate reporting and allow the Council to also monitor the progress on these grants.

Response:

The City of Quincy was awarded the Neighborhood Stabilization Program Grant in 2010. This was a specifically designed federally-funded HUD (Housing and Urban Development) grant available to various grantees under the "Housing and Economic Recovery Act 2008 - for a 'neighborhood stabilization improvement program with the goal to stimulate the economy. (i.e. stabilize areas hardest hit by foreclosures, abandonment, diversify/integrate communities, combine private/public resources, affordable rental/ownership housing.)

Originally, the Department of Human Services (DHS) was to be the managing agent for the state of Illinois, but as the housing experience was limited, it was later conveyed to the Illinois Housing Development Authority (IHDA). This occurred later in the program and IHDA was not necessarily prepared for this program as it was unlike any other grant funded program. This created considerable confusion for all concerned as changes/amendments were made throughout the program.

Cities, such as Quincy and other communities, would be the grantees/recipients of the HUD Funds for their respective communities, however the Illinois Housing Development Authority (IHDA) would be the state managing agency working directly with HUD. This is the only way the city could receive funds.

Due to the size and complexity of the program, a consultant (MECCA) was hired to manage the grant on behalf of Quincy. This was approved by Council. The City of Quincy's Planning and Development staff are the "feet on the ground" to facilitate documents, etc. MECCA started with the construction phase, (contractor selection, spec preparation, bid process, etc.) and manages all pay requests/disbursements on behalf of City. By mandate, the program is designed to use a qualified escrow agent, Greater Illinois Title Company, for payment processing and disbursement of funds to general and/or subs as needed.

The City of Quincy's Planning & Development staff maintains a ledger of all costs submitted for payments for project costs that are to be "advanced" by city funds to various vendors. Once a project is completed, the City will be reimbursed for these advanced costs. Once a reimbursement is received, this is shown on the ledger. This ledger was provided to the auditors as part of their review. In addition, the escrow agent and consultant maintain records of all pay requests and disbursements for the projects, which should have been available to auditors for review. These funds do not go through the city accounts but are mandated to use escrow agents, such as the Illinois Title company.

The funds awarded through this grant have been fully committed. However, there are still outstanding pay requests that are awaiting processing which include reimbursement to the City of Quincy.

3. Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit

There were no findings or questioned costs associated with major federal award programs required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133 for the year ended April 30, 2013.

There were no prior findings or questioned costs to report.

Revenue

Line Item	Description	Total	
401	Full Adult Fares	\$ 9	0,298
402	Special Transit Fares		-
405	Charter Service		-
406	Auxiliary Transportation		-
407	Non-Transportation Revenue		-
414	Other: Interest		565
	Total Revenue	\$ 9	0,863

Expenses

		Actual Administrative	Actual Operating	
Line Item	Eligible Expenses	Expenses	Expenses	Total
501	Labor	\$ 185,481	\$ 1,082,803	\$ 1,268,284
502	Fringe Benefits	140,293	822,068	962,361
503	Services	17,457	233,965	251,422
504.01	Fuel & Lubricants Consumed	-	289,641	289,641
504.02	Tires & Tubes Consumed	-	28,717	28,717
504.03	Inventory Purchased	-	1,924	1,924
504.99	Other Materials & Supplies	3,192	108,092	111,284
505	Utilities	25,137	-	25,137
506	Casualty & Liability	54,099	34,350	88,449
507	Taxes	-	-	-
509	Miscellaneous	4,600	132	4,732
511	Interest Expense	-	-	-
512	Leases & Rentals	-	5,561	5,561
	Other: Indirect Expense	22,933	138,966	161,899
	Total Expenses	\$ 453,192	\$ 2,746,219	\$ 3,199,411

	Δdn	ninistrative		Operating				Grant
		xpenses		Expenses		Total		Total
Expenses per Single Audit	\$	453,192		2,746,219	\$	3,199,411		Total
Expenses per emigie / tualt	—	400,102	Ť	2,740,210	Ť	0,100,411		
Less: Ineligible Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Net Eligible Expenses		453,192		2,746,219		3,199,411		
Less: Total Operating Revenues								
(Per Section 5311 Report)			\$	90,863	\$	90,863		
Coation 5044 Operation Deficit			Φ.	0.055.050				
Section 5311 Operating Deficit			\$	2,655,356				
Section 5311 Deficit					\$	3,108,548		
Section 5311 Reimbursement %		80%		50%				
	_							
A) Eligible Reimbursement per %	\$	362,554	\$	1,327,678			\$	1,690,232
D) Funding Limits now Contract		NI/A		NI/A			Φ.	COO 050
B) Funding Limits per Contract		N/A		N/A			\$	600,253
C) Maximum Section 5311		N/A		N/A	\$	600,253	\$	600,253
Reimbursement (Lesser of A or B)								
D) IDOT Payments - Section 5311								
Reimbursement to Grantee		N/A		N/A			\$	600,253
								·
E) Amount (Over) Under Paid (C-D)		N/A		N/A			\$	-
Grantee Local Match Requirement					\$	2,508,296		
Orantoo Local Mator Requirement					Ψ	2,000,200		

Grantee Match Sources		Amounts		
Downstate Operating Grant	\$	2,079,617		
Local Contracts		428,679		
In-kind Services, Subsidies, Donations		-		
		·		
		·		
	\$	2,508,296		

I certify that the costs claimed for reimbursement are adequately supported and the approval cost allocation plan of the grantees (if applicable) has been followed as provided in the project budget.

Prepared by:	
Title:	
Date:	

Operating Re	evenues and Income	
401	Passenger fares	\$ 90,298
402	Special transit fares	 -
403	School bus service	 -
404	Freight tariffs	 -
405	Total charter service	 -
406	Auxiliary revenue	 -
407	Non-transportation revenue	 565
407.99	Section 5307 force acct. & admin. cost reimbursement	 -
411	State cash grants & reimbursements - other than	
	Downstate Operating Assistance	
412	Sate special fare assistance	 -
413	Federal cash grants & reimbursements	 600,253
413.99	Sec. 5307 capital funds applied to state eligible	 -
	operating expenses	
414	Interest Income	
440	Subsidy from other sectors of operations	 -
	Total Operating Revenue	\$ 691,116
Operating Ex	penses	
501	Labor	\$ 1,268,284
502	Fringe benefits	 962,361
503	Professional services	 251,422
504	Materials & supplies consumed	 431,566
505	Utilities	 25,137
506	Casualty & liability	 88,449
507	Taxes	
508	Net purchased transportation	 -
509	Miscellaneous transportation	 4,732
511	Interest expense	
512	Lease, rentals, and purchase-lease payments	 5,561
	Indirect Expenses	 161,899
	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 3,199,411
	Less Ineligible Expenses:	
	APTA and IPTA dues	\$
	Other	
	Total Eligible Operating Expenses	\$ 3,199,411

Schedule of Revenue and Expense (Concluded) under Downstate Operating Assistance Grant OP-13-11-IL For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Total Eligible Operating Expenses	\$	3,199,411
Total Operating Revenue and Income		691,116
Deficit	\$	2,508,295
65% of Eligible Expense	-	2,079,617
Eligible Downstate Operating Assistance (Deficit or 65% of eligible expense, whichever is less)	\$	2,079,617
FY 13 Downstate Operating Assistance Received		2,079,617
FY 13 Downstate Operating Assistance (Over)/Under Paid	\$	